

GOVERNMENT HOME SCIENCE COLLEGE SECTOR-10, CHANDIGARH

NAAC ACCREDITED GRADE 'A'
NIRF INDIA RANKINGS 2022 by Ministry of Education, GOI: 46th



3rd Cycle Assessment & Accreditation by NAAC

CRITERION-III RESEARCH, INNOVATION, AND EXTENSIONS

PDF SIGNER SERVER DEMO VERSION



CRITERION –3 KEY INDICATOR-3.3 METRIC NO.-3.3.1

Number of Research Papers per Teachers in the Journals Notified on UGC Website during the Last Five Years (2017-2022) INDEX

Year	Particulars	Page No.
2017-2022	List of Research papers	1-14
2017	 Link of the paper Link to the Journal website Screenshot of research article Presence of the paper in UGC care 	15-37
2018	 Link of the paper Link to the Journal website Screenshot of research article Presence of the paper in UGC care 	38-44
2019	 Link of the paper Link to the Journal website Screenshot of research article Presence of the paper in UGC care 	45-58
2020	 Link of the paper Link to the Journal website Screenshot of research article Presence of the paper in UGC care 	59-67
2021	 Link of the paper Link to the Journal website Screenshot of research article Presence of the paper in UGC care 	68-82
2022	 Link of the paper Link to the Journal website Screenshot of research article Presence of the paper in UGC care 	83-88

S. N o	Title of paper	Name of the author/s	Departme nt of the teacher	Name of journal	Year of publication	ISSN number	Link to the recognition in UGC enlistment of the Journal Digital Object Identifier (DOI) number		
							Link to website of the journal	Link to article /paper	Is it listed in UGC care list/scopus/Web of science
1	Molecular Studies of invitro Propagated Three Mentha species on "KFA+"Media	Kakoli Biswas, Harsha Rohira and Rajesh Biswas	Zoology	International Journal of Applied Agriculture Sciences	2017	0973-2683	https://www.sciencepublis hinggroup.com/journal/ind ex?journalid=343	https://www.ripublication.com/ijaar17/ijaarv12n2 10.pdf	Academic keys, cross ref ,CNKI ref,Eurasian scientific journal index ,MIAR,Uinifersal impact factor
2	Antimicrobial Studies of in-vitro Propagated Three Mentha Species on Novel Media.	Kakoli Biswas, Harsha Rohira and Rajesh Biswas .	Zoology	International Journal of Applied Agriculture Sciences	2017	0973-2683	https://www.sciencepublis hinggroup.com/journal/ind exing?journalid=343	https://www.ripublication.com/ijaar17/ijaarv12n2_11.pdf	Academic keys, cross ref ,CNKI ref,Eurasian scientific journal index ,MIAR,Uinifersal impact factor
3	PCR-RFLP of Calotropis gigantea (L)-A Tool for Forensic Application.	Kakoli Biswas, Neha Garg and Rajesh Biswas	Zoology	International Journal of Applied Agriculture Sciences	2017	0973-2683	https://www.sciencepublis hinggroup.com/journal/ind exing?journalid=343	https://www.ripublication.co m/ijaar17/ijaarv12n1_07.pdf	Academic keys, cross ref ,CNKI ref,Eurasian scientific journal index ,MIAR,Uinifersal impact factor
4	In-vitro Clonal Propagation of an Indian Medicinal Plant- Justicia procumbens.	Kakoli Biswas, Ashima and Rajesh Biswas	Zoology	International Journal of Applied Agriculture Sciences	2017	0973-2683	https://www.sciencepublis hinggroup.com/journal/ind exing?journalid=343	https://www.ripublication.com/ijaar17/ijaarv12n2 13.pdf	Academic keys, cross ref ,CNKI ref,Eurasian scientific journal index ,MIAR,Uinifersal impact factor
5	Effects of various growth regulators on callus induction of Justicia sps. and its co-relation with total phenolic and carbohydrate content.	Kakoli Biswas, Sophia Dhir, Samriti, Rajesh Biswas	Zoology	International Journal of Applied Agriculture Sciences	2017	0973-2683	https://www.sciencepublis hinggroup.com/journal/ind exing?journalid=343	https://www.ripublication.com/ijaar17/ijaarv12n1_12.pdf	Academic keys, cross ref ,CNKI ref,Eurasian scientific journal index ,MIAR,Uinifersal impact factor

6	Micropropagation of Lilium Asiatic in an Efficient Low Cost Novel Medium "KFA and KFA plus.	Kakoli Biswas and Rajesh Biswas .	Zoology	International Journal of Applied Agriculture Sciences	2017	0973-2683	https://www.sciencepublis hinggroup.com/journal/ind exing?journalid=343	https://www.ripublication.com/ijaar17/ijaarv12n1 04.pdf	Academic keys, cross ref ,CNKI ref,Eurasian scientific journal index ,MIAR,Uinifersal impact factor
7	Physical Activity and Life Style Pattern Amongst Working Women. International Journal of Recent Scientific Research Research	Dr. Ritu Pradhan, Eshita Bhatacharya	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Recent Scientific Research	2017	0976-3031	http://recentscientific.com/ welcome-ijrsr	http://recentscientific.com/site s/default/files/8641-A- 2017.pdf	UGC care list approved
8	Development and Sensory Evaluation of Granola Bars Fortified With Flaxseed	Dr. Ritu Pradhan, Khwaish Sethi	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Recent Scientific Research	2017	0976-3031	http://recentscientific.com/ welcome-ijrsr	https://recentscientific.com/sit es/default/files/8355-A- 2017.pdf	UGC care list approved
9	Organoleptic Assessment and Nutritive Value Evaluation of Cookie Developed Using Flaxseeds.	Dr. Ritu Pradhan, Khwaish Sethi	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Recent Scientific Research	2017	0976-3031	http://recentscientific.com/ welcome-ijrsr	https://recentscientific.com/sites/default/files/8396%20-A-2017.pdf	UGC care list approved
10	Breast feeding practices in Chandigarh and Sri Ganganagar: A comparative study	Dr. Ritu Pradhan, Divya, Pubs Gupta	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Food Science and Nutrition	2017	2455-4898	http://www.foodsciencejou rnal.com/	https://www.researchgate.net/ publication/330873089_Breast feeding practices in Chandi garh and Sri Ganganagar A comparative_study	UGC care list approved, Indexed in scholar
11	Study on the nutritional status and eating pattern of adolescent school going boys of Chandigarh	Dr. Ritu Pradhan, Priyanka	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Food Science and Nutrition	2017	2455-4898	http://www.foodsciencejou rnal.com/	http://www.foodsciencejourna l.com/archives/2017/vol2/issu e5/2-5-42	UGC care list approved, Indexed in scholar

12	Development, Organoleptic And Nutritional Evaluation of Pearl Millet Based Mathri.	Dr. Uttara singh, Anubha Mehra	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Recent Scientific Research	2017	0976-3031, 8(6) : 17939- 17942	http://recentscientific.com/welcome-ijrsr	http://recentscientific.com/dev elopment-organoleptic-and- nutritional-evaluation-pearl- millet-based-mathri	UGC care list approved
13	Sensory and nutritional evaluation of biscuitsPrepared from pearl millet (bajra)	Dr. Uttara singh, Anubha Mehra	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Food Science and Nutrition	2017	2455-4898	http://www.foodsciencejou rnal.com/	http://www.foodsciencejourna l.com/archives/2017/vol2/issu e4/2-4-14	UGC care list approved, Indexed in scholar
14	Sensory evaluation of Ladoo prepared with pearl millet	Dr. Uttara singh, Anubha Mehra	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Home Science	2017	2395-7476	https://www.homesciencej ournal.com/	https://www.homesciencejour nal.com/archives/?year=2017 &vol=3&issue=2∂=J&Art icleId=407	UGC care list approved, Indexed in scholar
15	Quality Evaluation of Pearl Millet Incorporated Cupcakes	Dr. Uttara singh, Anubha Mehra	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Current Advanced Research	2017	2319-6475	https://journalijcar.org/international-journal-current-advanced-research	https://journalijcar.org/issues/ quality-evaluation-pearl- millet-incorporated-cupcakes	UGC care list approved
16	A study on hygiene, food safety practices and customers satisfaction among street food vendors	Dr. Uttara singh, Aradhana Thakur	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Family and Home Science	2017	0973-2608	https://journals.indexcoper nicus.com/search/details?id =33148	https://www.researchgate.net/publication/346875940 Academic_and_Law_Serials_A_ST_UDY_ON_HYGIENE_FOOD_SAFETY_PRACTICES_AN_D_CUSTOMERS_STASIFA_CTION_AMONG_STREET_FOOD_VENDORS	UGC care list approved

17	Effect of atmospheric cold plasma (ACP) with its extended storage on the inactivation of Escherichia coli inoculated on tomato	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Priyanka Prasad, Deepak Mehta, Vasudha Bansal, Rajender S. Sangwan	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Foods & Nutrition	Food Research International	2017	0963-9969	https://www.sciencedirect. com/journal/food-research- international	https://www.sciencedirect.co m/science/article/abs/pii/S096 3996917305975	UGC care list approved, Indexed in scopus
18	Effect of drying techniques and treatment with blanching on the physicochemical analysis of bitter-gourd and capsicum	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Priyanka Prasad, Deepak Mehta, Vasudha Bansal, Rajender S. Sangwa	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Foods & Nutrition	LWT-Food Science & Technology	2017	0023-6438	https://www.sciencedirect. com/journal/lwt	https://www.sciencedirect.co m/science/article/abs/pii/S002 3643817304097	UGC care list approved, Indexed in scopus
19	Metal-organic frameworks: Challenges and opportunities for ion- exchange/sorption applications	P Kumar, A Pournara, KH Kim, V Bansal, S Rapti, MJ Manos	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Foods & Nutrition	Progress in Materials Science	2017	0079-6425	https://www.sciencedirect. com/journal/progress-in- materials-science	https://www.sciencedirect.co m/science/article/abs/pii/S007 9642517300026	UGC care list approved, Indexed in scopus
20	Progress in the sensing techniques for heavy metal ions using nanomaterials	Dr. Vasudha Bansal P Kumar, KH Kim, V Bansal, T Lazarides, N Kumar	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Foods & Nutrition	Journal of industrial and engineering chemistry	2017	1226-086X	https://www.sciencedirect. com/journal/journal-of- industrial-and-engineering- chemistry	https://www.sciencedirect.co m/science/article/abs/pii/S122 6086X17302873	UGC approved, Indexed in scopus
21	Review of the quantification techniques for polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) in food products	Dr. Vasudha Bansal V Bansal , P Kumar, EE Kwon, KH Kim	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Foods & Nutrition	Critical Reviews In Food Science and Nutrition	2017	1549-7852	https://www.tandfonline.co m/journals/bfsn20	https://www.tandfonline.com/ doi/abs/10.1080/10408398.20 15.1116970	UGC approved, Indexed in scopus
22	Nanostructured materials: a progressive assessment and future direction for energy device applications	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Pawan Kumar, Ki- Hyun Kim, Vasudha Bansal, Parveen Kumar	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Foods & Nutrition	Coordination Chemistry Reviews	2017	0010-8545	https://www.sciencedirect. com/journal/coordination- chemistry-reviews	https://www.sciencedirect.co m/science/article/abs/pii/S001 0854517302217	UGC care list approved, Indexed in scopus
23	Modern progress and future challenges in nanocarriers for probe applications	P Kumar, KH Kim, V Bansal, S Kumar, N Dilbaghi, YH Kim	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Foods & Nutrition	TrAC Trends in Analytical Chemistry	2017	0165-9936	https://www.sciencedirect. com/journal/trac-trends-in- analytical-chemistry	https://www.sciencedirect.co m/science/article/abs/pii/S016 5993616301285	UGC care list approved, Indexed in scopus

24	A Study on the Risk Factors of Obesity among School Going Children (9-12 Years) of Chandigarh	Dr. Ritu Pradhan, Manpreet Paul	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Science and Research	2018	2319-7064	https://www.ijsr.net/	https://www.ijsr.net/archive/v 8i4/ART20196660.pdf	UGC care list approved
25	Nutritional Status of Pregnant Women Visiting Government Hospital, Chandigarh	Dr. Ritu Pradhan, Saloni Joshi	Foods & Nutrition	International Journal of Science and Research	2018	2319-7064	https://www.ijsr.net/	https://www.ijsr.net/archive/v 8i4/ART20196823.pdf	UGC care list approved
26	Synthesis, Biological Evaluation, Molecular Docking and DFT Study of Potent Antileishmanial Agents Based on the Thiazolo[3, 2- a]pyrimidine Chemical Scaffold	Dr. Reenu	Chemistry	Chemistry Select	2018	2365 - 6549	https://chemistry- europe.onlinelibrary.wiley. com/journal/23656549	doi.org/10.1002/slct.20180005 <u>6</u>	UGC care list approved & indexed in scopus/Web of science
27	A study on sanitation, hygiene practices and food safety knowledge among food vendors in different sectors of Chandigarh, India	Dr. Uttara singh	Foods & Nutrition	Journal of Applied and Natural Science	2018	0974-9411 (Print), 2231-5209	https://journals.ansfoundati on.org/index.php/jans	https://www.researchgate.net/publication/327480147 A study on sanitation hygiene practices and food safety knowledge among food vendors in different sectors of Chandigarh India	UGC care list approved
28	Metal-organic frameworks (MOFs) as futuristic options for wastewater treatment	Pawan Kumar, Vasudha Bansal, Ki- Hyun Kim, Eilhann E Kwon	Dr. Vasudha Bansal Foods & Nutrition	Journal of industrial and engineering chemistry	2018	1226-086X	https://www.sciencedirect. com/journal/journal-of- industrial-and-engineering- chemistry	https://www.sciencedirect.co m/science/article/abs/pii/S122 6086X1730713X	UGC care list approved & indexed in scopus/Web of science
29	Isolation and Characterization of Antimicrobial Peptides from Datura inoxia leaves having antimicrobial activity against selected bacteria.	Samriti, Rajesh Biswas and Kakoli Biswas	Zoology	World Journal of Pharmaceutical Research	2018	2277-7105	http://www.ijpronline.com/	https://www.academia.edu/38 636634/ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION_OF ANTIMICROBIAL PEPTI DES FROM DATURA INO XIA_LEAVES_HAVING_A NTIMICROBIAL ACTIVIT Y_AGAINST_SELECTED_B ACTERIA_Corresponding_A uthor	SCOPUS indexed

30	A novel approach against drug resistant microorganisms	Samriti, Rajesh Biswas and Kakoli Biswas	Zoology	International Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Research	2018	(Online): 0975-8232 (Print): 2320-5148	https://ijpsr.com/	https://ijpsr.com/bft- article/plant-antimicrobial- peptides-a-novel-approach- against-drug-resistant- microorganisms/	EBSCO ,Google , google scholar , index copernicus
31	Student problems and attitude towards school	Prof. Sudha Katyal, Urvashi Khanna	Prof. Sudha Katyal, Principal	International Journal of Applied Home Science	2019	2394-1413	http://scientificresearchjour nal.com/journal/applied- home-science/	http://scientificresearchjournal .com/journal/applied-home- science/international-journal- of-applied-home-science- volume-6-issue-1-january- 2019/	UGC care list approved
32	A correlation among student problems	Prof. Sudha Katyal, Urvashi Khanna	Prof. Sudha Katyal, Principal	International Journal of Research and Analytical Reviews	2019	2349-5138	https://ijrar.org/?http://ijrar .org&gelid=Cj0KCQiAz9i eBhCIARIsACB0oGJpt7X 0AAF0I3MyITH8MIDrbZ JI3fnHYPSMXOmrbd0As c35y91QYCYaAq9VEAL w_wcB	https://ijrar.org/?http://ijrar.or g&gclid=Cj0KCQiAz9ieBhCI ARIsACB0oGJpt7X0AAF0I3 MyITH8MIDrbZJ13fnHYPS MXOmrbd0Asc35y91QYCYa Aq9VEALw_wcB	UGC care list approved
33	Assessment of Dietary Intake and Physical Activity of School Going Children in District Kangra Himachal Pradesh	Dr Uttara Singh, Anamika Kashyap	Foods and Nutrition	International Journal of Science and Research (IJSR)	2019	2319-7064	https://www.ijsr.net/?gclid =CjwKCAjwjtOTBhAvEi wASG4bCIYHlzullXen9a PMdcMIMFmW- dozouh9mkOMwbrcHFC1 1bCfhwEIhRoCHVgQAv D_BwE	https://www.ijsr.net/archive/v 8i2/ART20195388.pdf	UGC care list approved
34	NUTRITIVE VALUE AND PROXIMATE COMPOSITION OF FOOD PRODUCTS USING SOYABEAN FLOUR (GLYCINE MAX).	Dr Uttara Singh, Anubhuti Dewan	Foods and Nutrition	Journal of Emerging Technologies and Innovative Research	2019	2349-5162	https://www.jetir.org/	https://www.jetir.org/view?pa per=JETIR1907A62	UGC care list approved & Indexed in google scholar

35	To assess the nutritional status and dietary pattern of celiac disease patients.	Dr Uttara Singh, Bineet Kaur	Foods and Nutrition	International Journal of Applied Home Science	2019	2394-1405	http://scientificresearchjour nal.com/journal/applied- home-science/	http://scientificresearchjournal .com/wp- content/uploads/2019/03/Hom e-Science-Vol-6 A-56-60- Full-Paper.pdf	UGC care list approved
36	Impact of ultrasonication, ultraviolet and atmospheric cold plasma processing on quality parameters of tomatobased beverage in comparison with thermal processing	Deepak Mehta, Nitya Sharma, Vasudha Bansa l, Rajender S. Sangwan, Sudesh Kumar Yadav	Dr Vasudha Bansal, Foods and Nutrition	Innovative Food Science and Emerging Technologies	2019	1466-8564	https://www.sciencedirect. com/journal/innovative- food-science-and- emerging-technologies	https://www.sciencedirect.co m/science/article/abs/pii/S146 6856418306556	UGC care list approved & indexed in scopus/Web of science
37	Effect of high pressure processing (HPP) on microbial safety, physicochemical properties, and bioactive compounds of whey-based sweet lime (whey-lime) beverage	Vasudha Bansal, Kaunsar Jabeen, P. S. Rao, Priyanka Prasad, Sudesh Kumar Yadav2	Dr Vasudha Bansal, Foods and Nutrition	Journal of Food Measurement and Characterization	2019	2193-4134	https://www.springer.com/j ournal/11694	https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11694-018-9959-1	UGC care list approved & indexed in scopus/Web of science
38	Efficient and economic process for the production of bacterial cellulose from isolated strain of Acetobacter pasteurianus of RSV-4 bacterium	V Kumar, DK Sharma, V Bansal , D Mehta, RS Sangwan, SK Yadav	Dr Vasudha Bansal, Foods and Nutrition	Bioresource Technology	2019	0960-8524	https://www.journals.elsevi er.com/bioresource- technology	https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.g ov/30579775/	UGC care list approved & indexed in scopus/Web of science
39	(De)Coding Bodyscape: A Study of Select Visual Prints in the Nationalist Discourse	Dr Gaurav Kalra	Dept. of English	Dibrugarh University Journal of English Studies	2019	2581-7833	https://www.dujes.co.in/	https://www.dujes.co.in/p/dec oding-bodyscape-study-of- select.html	UGC care list approved

40	Retrieving the Human from the Divine: Cultural Memory, Everyday and the Contemporary Biographies of Vivekananda	Dr Gaurav Kalra	Dept. of English	Journal of Literature & Aesthetics An international peer-reviewed journal devoted to critical and creative writing in English	2019	2278-523X	http://jlaindia.com/index.ht ml	N/A	UGC care list approved
41	Tautomerism, spectroscopic and computational analysis of Schiff base and its diphenyltin (IV) complex	Dr Reenu	Dept. of Chemistry	Journal of Molecular Structure	2019	0022 - 2860	https://www.sciencedirect. com/journal/journal-of- molecular-structure	doi.org/10.1016/j.molstruc.20 19.02.077	UGC care list approved & indexed in scopus/Web of science
42	Effect of Copper Oxide Nanoparticles synthesized from Chemical Precipitation Method (Ex- situ) on the Mechanical Properties of Sansevieria Trifasciata Fiber extracted from Sansevieria Trifasciata Plant	Dr Preeti Alagh	Clothing & Textiles	Universal Review Journal	2019	2277-2723	http://sitbs.in/u1.html	https://www.ijamtes.org/galler y/103-jan19.pdf	UGC Care list Approved till previous year
43	Effect of Copper Oxide Nanoparticles synthesized from Chemical Precipitation Method (Insitu) on the Mechanical Properties of Sansevieria Trifasciata Fiber extracted from Sansevieria Trifasciata Plant	Dr Preeti Alagh	Clothing & Textiles	International Journal of Management, Technology And Engineering	2019	2249-7455	http://www.ijamtes.org/	https://www.ijamtes.org/galler y/103-jan19.pdf	UGC care list approved
44	Antibacterial activity of antimicrobial peptide extracted from Trianthemaportulacastru mLeaves".	Samriti, Rajesh Biswas and Kakoli Biswas	Zoology	The Pharma Innovation	2019	2349-8242	https://www.thepharmajour nal.com/	https://www.thepharmajournal .com/archives/2019/vol8issue 3/PartB/8-1-102-686.pdf	Indian science, library directory ,google scholar ,PSOAR, Academic index

45	Designing of Dining Area range with mosaic art Footwear problems	Ms. Arpita, Dr. Sonia Dr Sonia	Dr. Sonia, Dept. of Clothing & Textiles Dr. Sonia,	Shodh-Sanchar Bulletin_An International Multidisciplinary Querterly Bilingual Peer Reviewed Refereed Research Journal Journal Shanghai	2020	2228-3620	http://seresearchfoundation _in/shodhsancharbulletin/	N/A	UGC are list approved UGC are list approved
10	among adult panjabi women of chandigarh	Di Solila	Dept. of Clothing & Textiles	Jiaotong University	2020	1007-1172	ournal/12204	1972	occ are list approved
47	Preference of footwear design among adult panjabi women of chandigarh	Dr Sonia	Dr. Sonia, Dept. of Clothing & Textiles	Journal of engineering, computing and architechture	2020	1934-7197	https://www.scimagojr.co m/journalsearch.php?q=11 200153562&tip=sid	https://drive.google.com/file/d/lv-dlLkhcR0LMYqFCD68Jhp6UljQ1YQSx/view?usp=share_link	UGC are list approved
48	Effect of age on foot shape among adult panjabi women	Dr Sonia	Dr. Sonia, Dept. of Clothing & Textiles	Aegaeum	2020	0776-3808	http://aegaeum.com/	https://api.semanticscholar.org /CorpusID:79035435	UGC are list approved
49	Emotional maturity and resilience as predictors of psychological well being among adolescents of working &Non working mothers	S. Neha	Dr Neha Sharma (HDFR Dept)	Shodh Sarita	2020	2348-2397	http://seresearchfoundation .in/shodhsarita/	<u>N/A</u>	UGC care list approved
50	Review of the analytical methods for and clinical impact of additives and flavors used in electronic cigarettes.	Bansal, V., Hashemi, B., Raza, N., Kim, K. H., Raza, W., Kumar, P., & Brown, R. J.	Dr Vasudha Bansal Foods and Nutrition	Exposure and Health	2020	2451-9685	https://www.springer.com/ journal/12403	https://link.springer.com/ article/10.1007/s12403-019- 00331-x	UGC care list approved & Indexed in scopus

51	Atmospheric cold plasma (ACP) treatment improved in-package shelf-life of strawberry fruit	Sudha Rana, Deepak Mehta, Vasudha Bansal , U. S. Shivhare, Sudesh Kumar Yadav	Dr Vasudha Bansal, Foods and Nutrition	Journal of Food Science and Technology	2020	0975-8402	https://www.springer.com/j ournal/13197	https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s13197-019-04035-7	UGC care list approved & Indexed in scopus
52	Anti-viral (Anti-Flu), Anti Bacterial, Immunoboosting Oral Composition of Herbal Extracts for treatingRespiratory Infections-A Case Study.	Rajesh Biswas, Kakoli Biswas, Parikshit Bansal and Shashi Gupta.	Zoology	European Journal of Pharmaceutical and Medical Research	2020	2394-3211	https://www.ejpmr.com/	https://storage.googleapis.com/journal-uploads/ejpmr/article_issue/1590842996.pdf	google scholar , ICI ,DAIJ,IFSIJ
53	Effectiveness of Amulya AmritatulsiRasayan and Amulya Energy Z capsules in Treating Typhoid: A Case Study	3. Shashi Gupta, Vinti, Parikshit Bansal, Kakoli Biswas and Rajesh Biswas.	Zoology	European Journal of Pharmaceutical and Medical Research	2020	2394-3211	https://www.ejpmr.com/	https://storage.googleapis.com/journal-uploads/ejpmr/article_issue/15_83996826.pdf	google scholar , ICI ,DAIJ,IFSIJ
54	Current Scenario of Breastfeeding In India	Dr Ritu and AnupreetSobti	Dr Ritu Pradhan (F &N Dept.)	International Journal of Scientific Research and Engineering Trends.	2021	2395- 566X	https://www.citefactor.org/ journal/index/17200/intern ational-journal-of- scientific-research-and- engineering- trends#.YaR2hNBBzIU	https://www.citefactor.org/journal/index/17200/international-journal-of-scientific-research-and-engineering-trends#.YaR2hNBBzIU	UGC are list approved
55	Optimizing Breastfeeding for better health Outcomes: A way forward	Dr Ritu and AnupreetSobti	Dr Ritu Pradhan (F &N Dept.)	International Journal of Scientific Research and Engineering Trends.	2021	2395-566X	https://www.citefactor.org/ journal/index/17200/intern ational-journal-of- scientific-research-and- engineering- trends#.YaR2hNBBzIU	https://www.ijtsrd.com/	UGC are list approved

56	Designing of handbags of college joining girls	Dr Sonia	Dr. Sonia, Dept. of Clothing & Textiles	The Indian Journal of Home Science	2021	0970-2733	https://www.homesciencea ssociationofindia.com/uplo ads/journals/FINAL%20JO URNAL%20DTD17-7- 2018.pdf	<u>N/A</u>	UGC are list approved
57	ANTIBACTERIAL EFFICIENCY OF NATURAL DYE EXTRACTED FROM EUCALYPTUS BARK ON COTTON FABRIC	Mrs Chhaya and Sukhman Kaur	Mrs Chhaya, Dept. of Clothing & Textiles	Journal of Xi'an University of Architecture & Technology	2021	1006-7930	https://www.xajzkjdx.cn/	<u>N/A</u>	UGC are list approved
58	Fluorine-Containing 2, 3-Diaryl Quinolines as Potent Inhibitors of Methicillin and Vancomycin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus: Synthesis, Antibacterial Activity and Molecular Docking Studies	Janeoo, Shashi, Harminder Kaur, Grace Kaul, Abdul Akhir, Sidharth Chopra, Shaibal Banerjee, Reenu Varinder Kumar, and Rakesh Kumar.	Dr Reenu, Chemistry Dept.	Journal of Molecular Structure	2021	0022-2860	https://www.sciencedirect. com/science/article/abs/pii/ S0022286021010577?via %3Dihub	https://www.sciencedirect.co m/science/article/abs/pii/S002 2286021010577	UGC care list approved & indexed in scopus/Web of science
59	Fighting against Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome: A Systematic Review on Plant Foods and Natural Products as Complementary Herbal Medicines.	Bhata, Farhan Mohiuddin, ThanongsakChaiyaso b, Mohammed Wasim Siddiquic, JomkhwanMeerakd, Vasudha Bansal,ChudaChittas uphog, Chandan Shivamallui, Jagadeesh Devarajh, Shashanka K. Prasadi, and Sarana Rose.	Dr Vasudha Bansal (F &N Dept.)	Systematic Reviews in Pharmacy	2021	0976-2779	https://www.sysrevpharm. org/	https://www.sysrevpharm.org/articles/effect-of-risks-on-elderly-employment-of-entrepreneurs-mediating-role-of-human-capital-in-thailand.pdf	Indexed in Scholar

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1. Molecular Studies of in-vitro Propagated Three Mentha species on "KFA+"Media.

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Molecular Studies of in-vitro Propagated Three Mentha species on "KFA+"Media

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Department of Biotechnology, DAV College, Sector-10, Chandigarh, India ² Department of Zoology, Government Home Science College, Sector-10, Chandigarh, India *Corresponding author's email ID:rajeshbiswas63@yahoo.co.in,

Abstract

Mentha arvensis, M. citrata and M. spicata were propagated in vitro on KFA+ and MS medium and assessed for genetic homogeneity using ITS and Cox2 RFLP. ITS and Cox2 gene amplification gave amplicons of 680bp and 320bp respectively of MS and KFA+ propagated plants. The amplicons when digested with Hinfl and Msp1, of MS and KFA+ propagated plants were found to be homogenous. From these results it can be inferred that KFA propagated M. spicata. M. arvensis and M. citrata exhibited no variation at genic level, thereby maintaining genetic homogeneity and the true to type nature of the in vitro cultured plants as compared to plants propagated in Murashige and Skoog (MS) Medium. To reduce the cost, MS medium can be substituted by the fly ash based KFA+ as a plant tissue culture medium.

Keywords: KFA+, Murashige and Skoog (MS) Media, PCR, ITS, RFLP.

INTRODUCTION

Menthas or mints are exclusively cultivated for their oils and terpenoid contents. Spearmint (Mentha spicata) oil benefits all respiratory problems, is refreshing to muscles, nervous and glandular systems. M. citrata has diaphoretic and vasodilator properties. The juice of leaves of M. arvensis is an effective gargle in ailments of oral cavity. It is also used as an expectorant, uterine tonic, in the diseases of liver and

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Antimicrobial Studies of in-vitro Propagated Three Mentha Species on Novel Media

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Abstract

Three species of Mentha were propagated on MS medium and novel KFA medium for assessing comparative antimicrobial activity against some of the common pathogens. KFA propagated M. spicata, M. arvensis and M. citrata showed significant antimicrobial activity against Escherichia coli and Candida albicans as compared to plants propagated in MS medium. 70% ethanolic leaf extract of KFA propagated M. citrata showed highest zone of inhibition and M. spicata showed lowest zone of inhibition against Escherichia coli. Leaf extracts [70% ethanol: methanol: chloroform (4:3:3)] of KFA propagated M. arvensis showed maximum zone of inhibition against C. albicans. Minimum zone of inhibition was shown by MS propagated M.citrata and KFA propagated M. arvensis.

Keywords: KFA, MS, antimicrobial, Mentha species, Escherichia coli, Candida albicans.

INTRODUCTION:

About 25% of total medicines used are derived directly or indirectly from plants. Herbs with medicinal properties are in high demand as a source for alternate medicine among people in both developed and developing countries. This ever increasing demand for herbal medicines, poses further increase in demand for higher production of these plants. Medicinal plants represent a rich source of antimicrobial agents. Antimicrobial activity of plants is mostly due to the presence of phytochemicals like phenols, flavones, flavonoids, tannins, coumarins, essential oils, alkaloids etc. which can be extracted from various plant parts using different solvents. However, the

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PCR-RFLP of Calotropis gigantea (L)- A Tool for Forensic Application

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Abstract

Plants besides having immense economic and medicinal value are also known to have poisonous products which are found in leaves, stem, bark, seeds, fruits, roots, flower, latex and gum exudates of such plants. These are used for cattle poisoning and sometimes as homicidal and suicidal agents. The major challenge for the forensic scientists lies in identification of the source of poisoning. In the medico-legal plant poisoning cases, identification of plants are based on exomorphological characters and on the basis of phytochemical and biochemical markers viz. secondary metabolites. However, the morphological characters changes with change in the environment, hence less reliable whereas secondary metabolites, may not be present in all the plant parts and thus cannot be used as authentic markers. Most effective approach to identify the source of plant poisoning is by using DNA markers, occurs naturally in all plants, does not change during life time for solving complicated criminal cases. The present study was undertaken to develop DNA markers using PCR-RFLP of Calotropis gigantean, a common roadside plant a potent poison. Internal Transcribed Spacer (ITS) region of the rRNA gene was PCR amplified and an amplicon of 770bp was obtained from four plant samples collected from different geographical regions. The amplified gene was subjected to restriction digestion with Hinft, Mspl, Mbol, EcoRV, Alul, BamHl, EcoRl enzymes. The generated DNA fragments in the size of 300,170,150,100 and 50 bp by Hinft; 380,190,150,50 bp by Mspl; 720 & 50 bp in Mbol and 450 & 320 bp in EcoRV can be applied for identification of Calotropis gigantea in forensic investigation in plant poisoning cases.

Keywords: Calotropis , Poisonous Plant, PCR-RFLP, Forensic

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In-vitro Clonal Propagation of an Indian Medicinal Plant- Justicia procumbens

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Abstract

In vitro cultures of an Indian native medicinal plant Justicia procumbens was established on MS and low cost KFAplus medium for its clonal propagation and assess the efficiency of the two media pertaining to the growth and multiplication. High percentage of shooting was observed in MS medium supplemented with IBA (0.5mg/L) and FAP (1.0mg/L) in about 21 days and in KFA plus medium in about 20 days. Healthy and long roots were obtained using both the media. Hardening of the tissue cultured plants were carried out in soil under artificial conditions and 100% survivability was recorded. This was the first report of rapid multiplication of Justicia procumbens in in-vitro condition using MS and Low cost KFAplus medium.

Keywords: Medicinal plant, Justicia, KFAplus, in vitro, Clonal propagation

INTRODUCTION

Since ancient times, mankind has been dependent on plants for food, feed, flavours, medicine and many other uses. Ancient written records of many civilizations including India, give strong evidence regarding use of medicinal plant. In majority of the developing countries, people of rural areas use folk medicine made from plants and plant parts for the treatment of various diseases and ailments. The World Health Organisation (WHO) reported that 80% of people in the developing world use medicinal plants for their primary health care. At present there are many well established herbal and plant medicine practices which are popular in many parts of the world as complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) therapy¹. Many plant based remedies are back in use and find increasing applications as source of direct

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5.Effects of Various Growth Regulators on Callus Induction of *Justicia sps.* and its Corelation with Total Phenolic and Carbohydrate Content

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Effects of Various Growth Regulators on Callus Induction of *Justicia sps.* and its Co-relation with Total Phenolic and Carbohydrate Content

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Abstract

Justicia sps. is known for their immense medicinal property and pharmaceutical applications. Callus was induced using leaves as explant derived from pre-established axenic culture of Justicia grown in MS medium supplemented with IBA (0.5 mg/l) + Kn (1.0 mg/l). Effect of various PGRs on callus induction and biomass generation as well as on production of total phenolic content was investigated. Best growth and maximum biomass of callus was obtained in medium supplemented with BAP (2.0mg/l). The present study revealed that medium supplemented with BAP (1.5mg/l) and BAP (2.0mg/l) produced high amount of phenols with more carbohydrate content. It is also inferred that MS medium supplemented with gytokinins like BAP can enhance secondary metabolite production. The enhanced phenol and carbohydrate content may be co-related with the fact that polyphenols increases with increase in carbohydrate content as the excess of carbohydrate is diverted to the secondary metabolite pathways producing more phenols.

Keywords: Callus, In-vitro, Justicia, PGR, Phenolic content, Carbohydrate content.

INTRODUCTION

Justicia is the largest genus of Acanthaceae, constituting 600 species, found in pantropical as well as tropical southern regions of India¹. It is a shrub and widely used in the Indian system of medicine for respiratory and gastrointestinal diseases, inflammation, rheumatism, arthritis, hallucinogens, sedatives, epilepsy, mental disorders, headache, fever, cancer, diabetes, HIV ², expectorant, antispasmodic and good blood purifier and also used for speeds up the child birth. People mostly use extracts from leaves followed by the roots². Various polyphenolic compounds like

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6.Micropropagation of Lilium Asiatic in an Efficient Low Cost Novel Medium "KFA and KFA plus.

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Micropropagation of *Lilium Asiatic* in an Efficient Low Cost Novel Medium "KFA and KFA plus"

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Abstract

Low cost technology for Plant Tissue Culture is promoted worldwide especially for the production of flowering or ornamentals crops like Lillium asiatic. As tissue culture media plays an important factor in deciding the cost of in vitro plants a continuous quest to find the substitutes of media components is in process. In an attempt to lower the cost of the in vitro micropropagated plants of different varieties of exotic Lillium asiatic, we developed an efficient low cost medium "KFA and KFA plus" (Flyash" as the main source of inorganic constituent; Patented), which could replace the widely used expensive Murashige and Skoog's medium. The comparison was done on four major criteria: % bud break, % shooting, % rooting and cost. When cultured on KFA and KFA plus, 70% bulblet formation was observed in KFA and 86.6% bulblet formation in KFA plus as compared to 83.3% in MS medium supplemented with IAA (0.8mg/l) + BAP (1.5mg/l). Healthy response and an average of 1.6 bulblets/explant were obtained. Healthy rooting in 70% bulblets cultured on KFA plus medium supplemented with same concentration of PGR was observed as compared to 50% rooting in MS medium. Cost of media was reduced 10 times by using KFA plus as culture media as compared to MS ready media (Hi media, India) and very encouraging results in relation to growth and multiplication was obtained. Therefore, use of flyash media resolves our main aim to produce low cost plants as well as the reduction of disposal problem of thermal power plant waste, leading to phytoremediation.

Keywords: Novel medium, flyash, Plant tissue culture, Lillium asiatic, KFA and KFA plus, micropropagation, phytoremediation.

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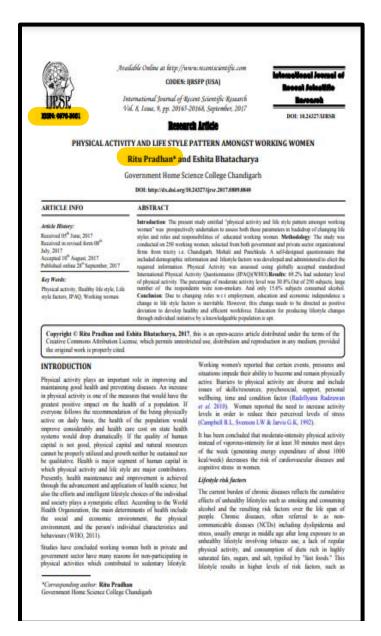
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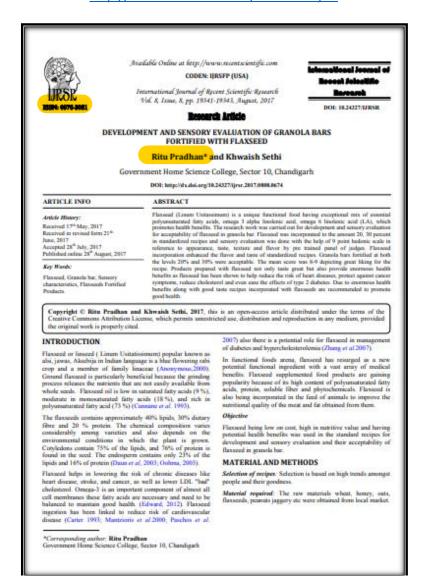
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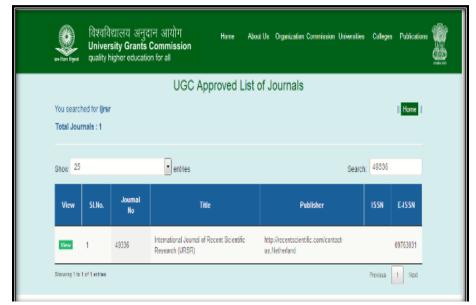




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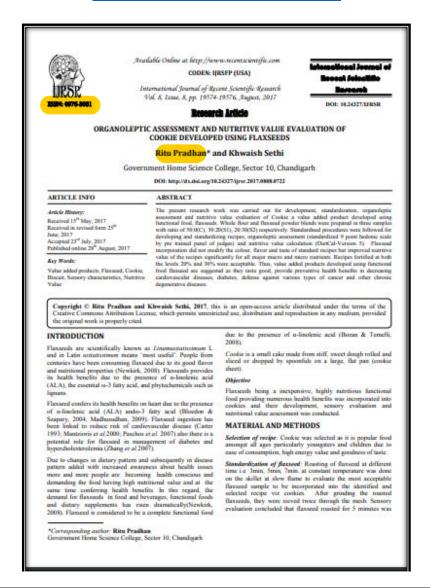
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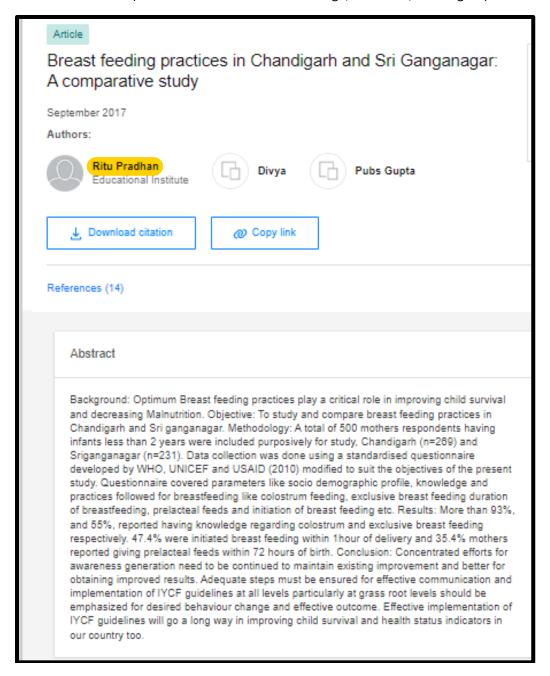




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11.Study on the nutritional status and eating pattern of adolescent school going boys of Chandigarh

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A study on the nutritional status and eating pattern of adolescent school going boys of Chandigarh

¹ Dr. Ritu Pradhan, ² Priyanka ¹ Associate Professor, Government Home Science College, Chandigarh, Punjab, India ² Post Graduate Student, Government Home Science College, Chandigarh, Punjab, India

Abstract
Background: Poor natrition, unhealthy eating practices and decreased physical activity due to involvement and participation in screen time activities are major contributing factors for obesity.

Objective: To study the nutritional status and eating practices among 14-18 years' adolescent boys of Chandigarh.

Methodology: 500 adolescent school going boys belonging to 14-18 years were selected using random sampling technique and were assessed for Nutritional status, obesity (BMI) and eating pattern by using a pretested, self-designed, structured questionnaire developed considering the objectives of the study.

Results: Nearly one fourth (23 percent) subjects were overweight. Socioeconomic class and BMI of subjects was found to be significantly related (chi sq. p-value= 0.001) to Obesity and overweight status. Skipping breakfast (31.6%), snacking while watching television (40%) and eating in canteen (67.4%) were some of the unhealthy dictary habits. 70 % subjects devoted more than 11r in selectuary leisure activity.

Conclusion: Large scale nationwide campaigns to speead messages on healthy sutrition and physical activity, targeted at specific groups are required for the prevention of obesity and to check the growing epidemic of obesity.

prevaence or obesity and overweight among children and adolescents. Obesity is a major and rapidly growing global public health concern and is associated with significant morbidity and mortality. There is evidence that children and adolescents of affluent families are more overweight than in the past possibly because of decreased physical activities, sedentary lifestyles, altered eating patterns and increased fat content of the diet (Agras et al. 2004) ^[6]. Low levels of physical activity, watching television, and consuming junk food are associated with a higher prevalence of overweight. Children belonging to High schools/Senior Secondary classes are particularly vulnerable to external factors owing to newfound independence and the influence frough per pressure and exposure to media. This study is planned to determine the prevalence of obesity and eating pattern among adolescent boys (14-18 years) in Chandigarh as his age group is a growing phase.

I. Introduction

Adolescence has been defined by WHO as the period of life sparning between 10-19 years (WHO, 1995) ¹¹. It is estimated that about 30% population of India are adolescents (Nath and Garg, 2008) ²¹. Adolescence is a period after infancy where growth rate is rapid and nutrient requirement increases the toincrease in physical growth and development. Life style changes and nutrition transition affects the eating habits, physical activities and leisure time activities of adolescents. Physical activity has decreased and sedentary leisure time activities have increased. This has led to increase in the prevalence of obesity and overweight among children and adolescents. Obesity is a major and rapidly growing global public health concern and is associated with significant morbidity and mortality. There is evidence that children and adolescents of affluent families are more overweight than in the past possibly because of decreased physical activities, sedentary lifestyles, altered eating patterns and increased fat content of the diet (Agras et al. 2004) ³⁰. Low levels of physical activity, watching television, and the part of the

3. Result and Discussions
The present study was conducted on 500 adolescent boys, Majority of boys belonged to government schools (n=460) and rest of the boys belonged to private schools (n=40). Socioeconomic status as assessed using Kuppuswamy Scale (2007) found that nearly 85% of subjects were belonging to upper class and rest to lower middle.



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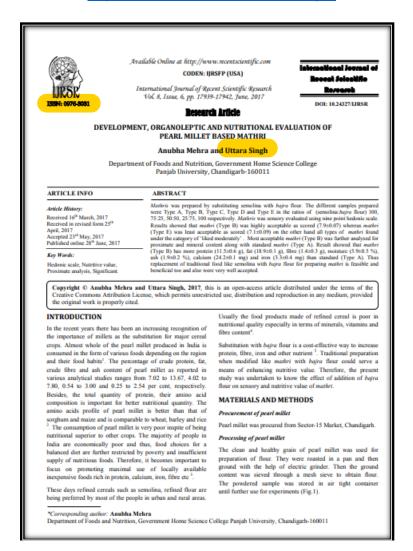
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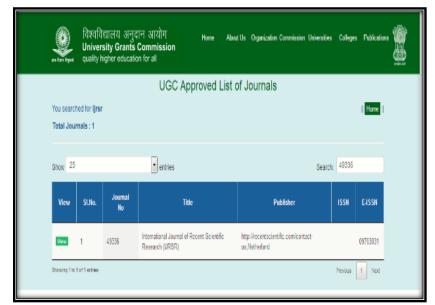
International Journal of Recent Scientific Research ISSN: 0976-3031 is a multidisciplinary peer-reviewed journal with reputable academics and experts as its editorial board. The IJRSR aims to publish all the latest and outstanding research articles. Review, Letters, and Research, Publishes High Quality Research Article in all areas of Biology and Life Sciences, Earth Sciences, Ecology and Environmental Sciences, Engineering and Technology, Medicine, Health Sciences and Dental, Anatomy, Physical Sciences, Science policy and social sciences.

12.Development, Organoleptic and Nutritional Evaluation of Pearl Millet Based Mathri

Link of the paper-http://recentscientific.com/development-organoleptic-and-nutritional-evaluation-pearl-millet-based-mathri

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13. Sensory and nutritional evaluation of biscuits Prepared from pearl millet (bajra)

Link of the paper-http://www.foodsciencejournal.com/archives/2017/vol2/issue4/2-4-14 Link of the Journal Website-http://www.foodsciencejournal.com/

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Sensory and nutritional evaluation of biscuits Prepared from pearl millet (bajra) ¹ Anubha Mehra, ² Uttara Singh

¹ M.Sc. Student, Department of Foods and Nutrition Government Home Science College Panjab University, Chandigarh, India ² Assistant Professor, Department of Foods and Nutrition Government Home Science College Panjab University, Chandigarh, India

Abstract

The present study was undertaken with the objectives of evolving biscuits containing bajra to find out their acceptability and nutritive value. Biscuits were prepared by using whole wheat flour, bajra flour, sugar, ghee by substituting whole wheat flour with bajra flour. The different samples prepared were Type A, Type B, Type C, Type D and Type E in the ratios of (whole wheat flour:bajra flour) 100, 75:25, 50:50, 25:75, 100 respectively. The developed biscuits were sensory evaluated using nine point hedonic scale. Results showed that biscuit Type E was highly acceptable as scored (8.4:0.09) whereas biscuit Type B was least acceptable as scored (7.5±0.03). Highest energy, fat and iron were observed in Type E (1010 Kcal), (55 g) and (8 mg) respectively. Likewise fat, protein, carbohydrate, fibre and calcium were observed in Type B (68.3 g), (11.9 g), (11.8.5 g), (1.7 g) and (52.5 g) respectively. Biscuit (Type E) was most acceptable and analysed for proximate and mineral content along with standard biscuit (Type A). Result shows that biscuit prepared with bajra flour (Type E) was found to be high in carbohydrate (56.4 g), fat (23.2±0.1 g) and iron (9.4±0.2 mg) than standard biscuit (Type A). Thus replacement of traditional food like whole wheat flour with bajra flour for preparing biscuits is feasible and beneficial too and also were very well accepted.

Keywords: hedonic scale, pearl millet, nutritive value

Introduction

Biscuit is most popular bakery product worldwide. It is an unleavened crisp, sweet pastry made from wheat flour, shortening & sugar, and is usually made light by the addition of baking powder. Because of its acceptability in all age group, longer shelf life, better taste and its position as snacks it is compiler as a need product for putritual improvement (Groups). consider as a good product for nutritional improvement (Gayas et al., 2012) [4].

et al., 2012) ^[4].

Pearl millet (bajra) is an important coarse cereal crop in western India (Gujarat, Rajasthan and Haryana (Amarender et al., 2013) ^[3]. It has potential for future human use due to its tolerance to difficult growing conditions such as drought, low soil fertility and high temperature and can be grown in areas where other cereal crops, such as maize (Zea mays) or wheat (Triticum aestivum), would not survive. Pearl millet (bajra) contains substantial amount of minerals such as iron, calcium, zinc and high level of fat, it is nutritionally comparable and even superior to maior cereals due to the energy and protein value (Fassaj nigh level of rat, it is nutritionally comparative and even superior to major cereals due to the energy and protein value (Fasasi 2009) ^[3]. Owing to lack of institutional support for millet crops in contrast to the institutional promotion of wheat, rice and maize continue to shrink the millet-growing region. While, pearl millet (bajra) is nutritious, it is underutilized in developed countries due to non-availability in convenient/ ready to eat form (Obilana 2010). The objectives of this work were to prepare biscuit with different proportions of wheat flour and bajra flour, to characterize their nutritional value, and to evaluate the biscuit acceptance by panel member.

Procurement of pearl millet

Pearl millet was p ocured from Sector-15 Market, Chandigarh

Processing of pearl millet (bajra)
The clean and healthy grain of pearl millet (bajra) was used for preparation of flour. They were roasted in a pan and then ground with the help of electric grinder. Then the ground content was sieved through a mesh sieve to obtain flour. The powdered sample was stored in air tight container until further use for experiments. experiments.

Standardization and development of biscuits
Formulation was prepared by blending whole wheat flour and bagira flour in different proportions. Table 1 depicted different combinations of flour of whole wheat flour and bagira flour.

Sr. No.	Ingredients	Type A	Type B	Type C	Type D	Type E
1.	Whole wheat flour	100	75	50	25	
2.	Bajra flour	-	25	50	75	100

paration schedule for making biscuits Sieve flour. Add baking powder and ghee.

- Mix well with fingers until the mixture becomes crumbled.
- Add powdered sugar and mix it well. Make smooth dough.
- The rolled out dough should not be too thin or too thick.
 Using a lid or cookie cutter, cut desired shapes and makes striped design with a fork and then bake.
- Place the biscuits on a greased tray and bake at 170 degree Celsius for 15-20 minutes or until the biscuits start browning slightly



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Journal DOI: 10.24327/IJRSR 🗯 CODEN: IJRSFP(USA) 🗯

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Research Article

QUALITY EVALUATION OF PEARL MILLET INCORPORATED CUPCAKES

Uttara Singh and Anubha Mehra

Department of Foods and Nutrition Government Home Science College Panjab University, Chandigarh

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mic scale. Pearl millet. Nutritive value

A B S T R A C T

The present study was undertaken with the objectives of evolving cupcakes containing hapira to find out their acceptability, nutritive value, proximate composition and mineral content of standard and most acceptable hajira cupcakes. For the same purpose hajira was processed and evaluated for nutrient composition. Cupcakes was prepared by using refined flour, hajira flour, egg, sugar, ghee by substituting refined flour with hajira flour. The different sample prepared were Typ about 100, 78:25, 50:30, 25:75, 100 respectively. The developed cupcakes were sensory evaluated using nine point bedonic scale. Highest energy, protein, carbodyhartee, fibree, calcium and iron were observed in Type E i.e. (1183 Kcal), (249 g), (121-9 g), (121-9 g), (180 g) and (101 mg) respectively. Fat content was observed in Type B (68.3 g). Cupcakes prepared with 25 per cent of hajira flour (Type B) was most acceptable and analysed for proximate content and mineral content along with standard cupcakes (Type A). Result shows that cupcakes prepared with bajira flour (Type B) was found to be high in protein (21.4:40-11 g), fat (32.4:40-44 g), fibre (12.4:0.3 g), calcium (52:0.7 mg) and iron (5.8:40.2 mg) than standard cupcakes. Thus replacement of traditional food like refined flour with bajira for preparing cupcakes is feasible and beneficial to and also were very well accepted. Bajira is low cost cereal, so it is economical. It can be used as a healthy alternative to other grain to make our diet more wholesome and nutrititious.

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INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION

In the recent years there has been an increasing recognition of the importance of millets as the substitution for major cereal crops. Almost whole of the pearl millet produced in India is consumed in the form of various foods depending on the region and their food habits. The percentage of crude protein, fat, crude fiber and ash content of pearl millet as reported in various analytical studies ranges from 7,02 to 13.67, 4.02 to 7.80, 0.54 to 3.00 and 0.25 to 2.54 per cent, respectively. Besides, the total quantity of protein, their amino acid composition is important for better nutritional quantity. The amino acids profile of pearl millet is better than that of sorghum and maize and is comparable to wheat, barley and rice (Hadimani et al., 1995; Abdalla et al., 1998). The consumption of pearl millet is very poor inspite of being nutritional superior to other crops. The majority of people in India are economically poor and thus, food choices for a

balanced diet are further restricted by poverty and insufficient supply of nutritious foods. Therefore, it becomes important to focu on promoting maximal use of locally available inexpensive foods rich in protein, calcium, iron, fiber etc. The blanching treatment was effective in retarding in antinutrient content of pearl millet seeds (Rekha et al., 1999).

content of pearl millet seeds (Rekha et al., 1999).

Substitution with bajra flour is a cost-effective way to increase protein, fibre, iron and other nutrient. Traditional preparation when modified like cupcakes with bajra flour could serve a means of enhancing nutritive value. Therefore, the present study was undertaken to know the effect of addition of bajra flour on sensory and nutritive value of cupcakes.

METHODOLOGY

Procurement of pearl millet

Pearl millet was procured from Sector-15 Market, Chandigarh.



16.A study on hygiene, food safety practices and customer's satisfaction among street food vendors

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* Assistant professor Foods and Nutrition, Govt. Home Science College Sector 10-D, Chandigarh.

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International Journal of Family and Home Science, Vol.13 (2) (May-Aug., 2017) (221-233)

Abstract

Abstract

A street food vendor has an important role in the cities and towns of many developing countries in meeting food demands. The study was done to assess the hygiene practices and food safety among street food vendors in the city of Chandigarh. A study was conducted among 100 vendors, 50 were mobile vendors and other 50 were fixed vendors. The relevant information was collected with questionnaire and observation method. Data was analysed in terms of frequency and percentage. Results showed there was 93% were male and only 7.0% were female vendors after survey in different sectors of Chandigarh. Forty two percent vendors sold snacks but 58% sold full meal. Sixty four percent vendors clean their surroundings but 36.0% were not clean their surrounding, 83% were dispose garbage in open vessel and only 14% were dispose garbage in dusthin. Personal hygiene was not also observed, as the vendors never covered their heads, handled money and food at the same time and they did not wear overcoats/aprons and handled food with bare hand. Street food vendors were not aware of safe street training programme and hygienic and sanitary practices.

Key words: Food safety, Sanitation, Street food, Vendors, Fast food.

Introduction

Food is one of the basic needs for all living beings. Like, we cannot live without air and water, we cannot live without food. (Joshi 2011) In India, during recent years there is an increasing trend in the sale and consumption of food at public places. Food street vendors have a long tradition throughout the world. The street foods play an important

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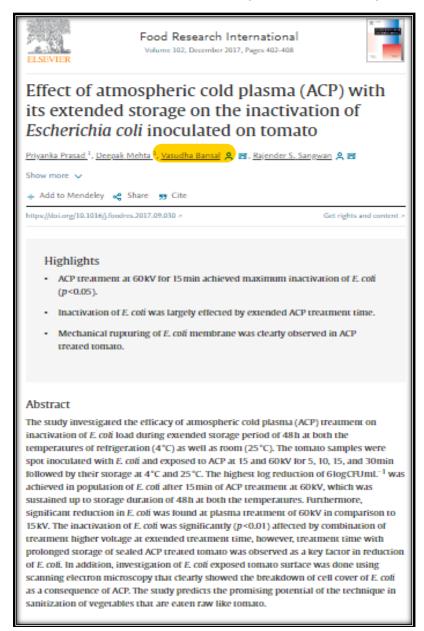
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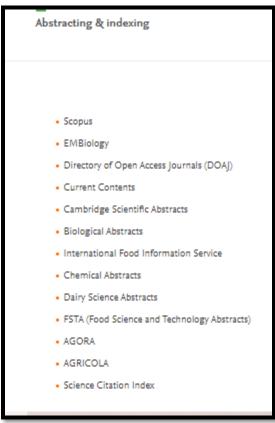




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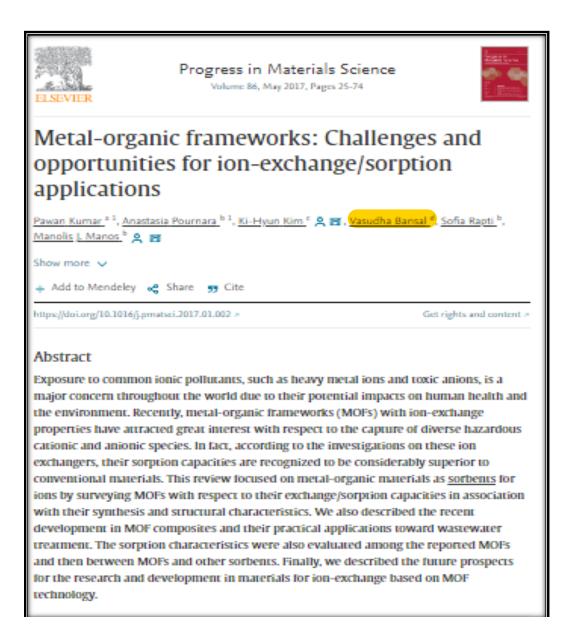
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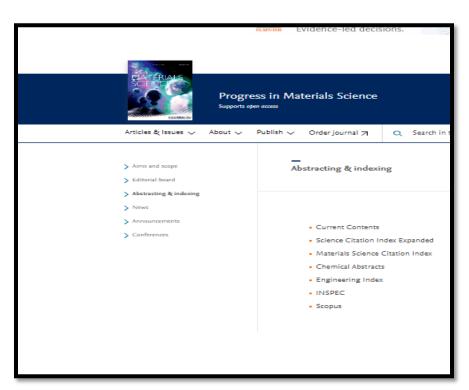




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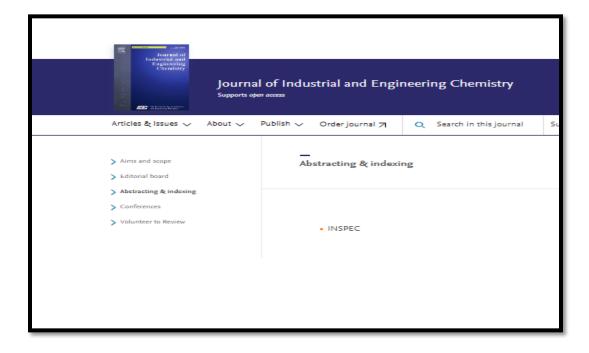




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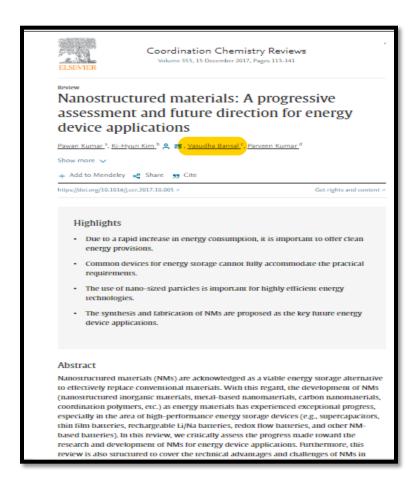
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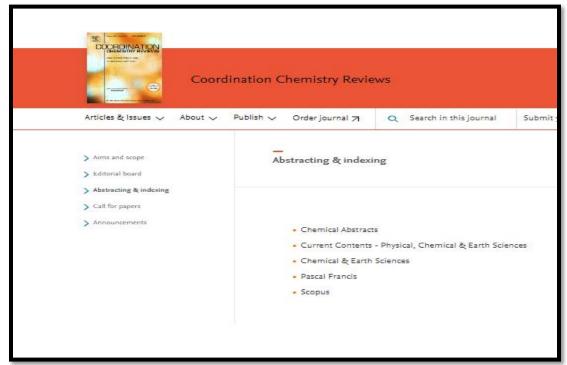




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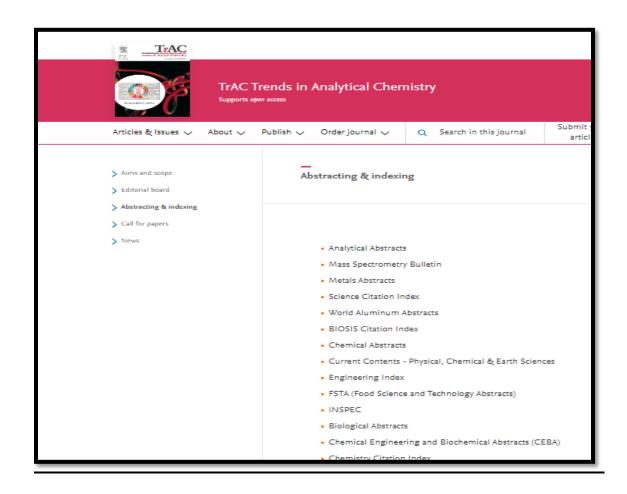
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24. Study on the Risk Factors of Obesity among School Going Children (9-12 Years) of Chandigarh

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A Study on the Risk Factors of Obesity among School Going Children (9-12 Years) of Chandigarh

Ritu Pradhan 1, Mannreet Paul 2

Associate Professor, Department of Foods and Nutrition, Government Home Science College, Chandigath, India

Research Scholar, Government Home Science College, Chandigarh, India

Abstract: Background: Lifestyle diseases such as obesty are an automo of complex interaction between human biology, behaviour and society. It is a nerious, chemic disease that can inflict substanted haven to a perman's health. Several consequences result from childhoud obestyle, Ornerolph and other children are prose to medical conditions like cardiovanceae diseases, establishoud, speech, Ornerolph and other children are posses to medical conditions like cardiovanceae diseases, establishoud, type 2 disbutes, stope distantances and many others. (Discript: This study alons to examine the risk feeters of Obestyl among the school children (8-12 years) of Chandigards, Michaeldanger, Feliper conducting the study, histoly permission from the subsolve Principal was obsidered. That of 23d subjects were interviewed from 3 different private schools of Chandigards, A stiff devigued questionnable was proposed for data calculation. The analysis of the data obsidered was performed using STSS adjuster relevalue 2.15, pagest Chi-square ventors and subjects ISM (Body Mans Indian), a significant relevationship was found or the subsolved as indicated and proposed to the children which should be a subsolved as highly significant relevationship with a power of 8.00 in the control of the children devide has subjectived and the control of the subsolved as highly significant relevationship with a power of 8.01 in certain the proposed of the children devide has subgriftional relevationship with a power of 8.01 in certain and provention programs for fallables obesity. The ISM provent start provate that the children devide has subgriftional eventual and provention programs for fallables obesity. The ISM provent start provate that the children's with observed as highly significant advances (effects on health in children) and the causal devided obesity and the results for fine and event provention programs for fallables obesity. The ISM provent start provention programs for fallables obesity and the causal children of the consensation of th

Lintroductio

Childhood and adolescence are characterized by particular physical growth in increase in body size as well as change in body proportion and body composition), serious muturation, as well an motor, cognitive, emotional and social development [1]. In many Western setting, a large proportion of children and adolescents do not mee recommended physical activity guidelenes and those who are physically settive have lower levels of body fat that displaced by more undestary pursuits which has contributed to reduction in physical activity expenditure [2]. Without appropriate activity capagement there is a increased likelihood that children well live less bealthy that their parents. As a result there lies intrinsivishual difference among girls and boys that are often accentrated it adolescents. These changes make childhood and adolescence a special period impossing special challenges on obosit research as well as prevention and treatment of overweigh and obesity.

Childhood obesity in a rining issue because of the possibclinical and public health consequences in childhood According to WHO, 'the most important long terconsequence of childhood obesity is its persistence in adulthood' (so called tracking), 'with all the association health riske' [3]. Childhood obesity is not just a cosme problem [4]. Overweight and obesity are associated with, increased brudes of diabetes, hypertension, cardiovascul diseases, some types of cancer and persustance motality by also with the social and psychological effects of excealso with the social and psychological effects of excetales with the social and psychological effects of extension of the psychological effects of exdension of the psychological effects of extension of the psychological effects of exten in order to prevent the adverse effects of childhood obesity, he emphasis should be given to reduction of cat outs, planning of healthy snacks, halanced diet, adequate intake of fruits and vegetables and avoidance of high calorie/ high fat

2. Methodology

A school based, cross sectional study was conducted on 204 Firstier school going children of Chandigain in the age group of 9-12 years. The study respondents were chosen authority for the purpose of secking the required information and knowledge. A questionnaire consisting of the questions related to the medical aspect of the study expondents, whether the child selfers from any disease conditions like Diabetee, Authrns or Sleep disorders, was used to obtain the required data.

Inclusion and Exclusion Criteri

- Children of the age 9-12 ye
- Only sensor going ensures.
 All children present on the day of the surv.

aclusion Criteri

- Differently abled children.
- Children absent on the day of the survey

The analysis of the data was performed using SPSS softwa version 23 (f) based on the objectives of the study

Volume 8 Issue 4, April 2019 www.ijsr.net

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10.21275/ART20196660

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25. Nutritional Status of Pregnant Women Visiting Government Hospital, Chandigarh

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Nutritional Status of Pregnant Women Visiting Government Hospital, Chandigarh

Ritu Pradhan¹, Saloni Joshi²

Abstract: <u>Background</u>: Pregnancy is a phenomenon associated with dynamic changes in physical, mental and blo-body and demands hecroscul maritimost instale for developing factus. (Shonkar et al 2017). <u>Adoquate maritimost</u> pregnancy has been recognized as an imparisant factus for healthy pregnancy and desired hirth outcomes. It was fraus nations, tasting gestation may cause the factus to receive subspitual micro and macro mattens, causing insule growth and development, inherited auditornations, portern deliberties, and preparancy complications (Miranjari et as using the survivious) states of preparat vomens of I, II and III triensher violing generated associated shared study was conducted amonged 428 prognant sources of I, II and III triensher violing generated associated special associated as a state of particular violates and the state of maritimal knowledge, distary patient and 21 is method was used to calculate the duty instale of nutrient. The national testines were compared with Recommended (BMs) of pregnancy, <u>Bernitte</u>: Morn duly instale of energy uses 1722.17 kind and the percentage of energy from earth and foliate 1843. Thing were related to the BAS. Cancelated. The study concluded that poet anothering testing and foliated 1843. They were foliated the poet anothering testing and foliated states are such as previolized particious. The study concluded that poet anothering testing and foliated states.

ney is an anabolic process and a woman's normal and requirements increases during pregnancy to meet do of growing foeths and the maternal tissue ted with pregnancy (Adikari et al. 2016). The deequarements will depend on existing nutritional rate of weight gain and availability of adequate natrition and suboptimal diets with poor energy and co-existing disease (Darnton-Hill et al. 2015).

inadequate intake of micronutrients that are vital di pregnancy. (Adikari et al 2016)

women. A total of 420 pregnant women in 1st, 2st, trimester visiting government hospitals were studied.

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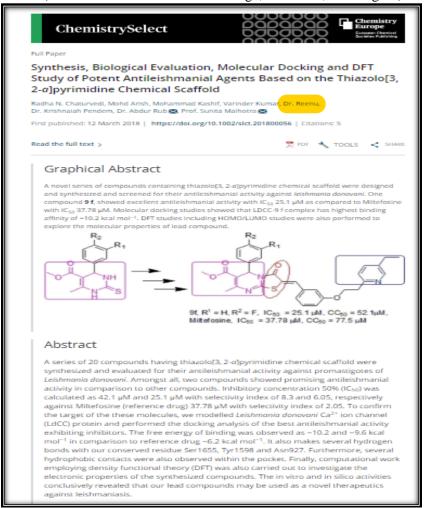
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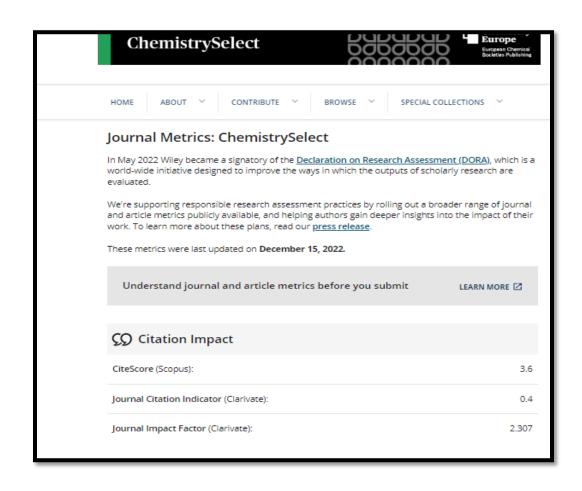
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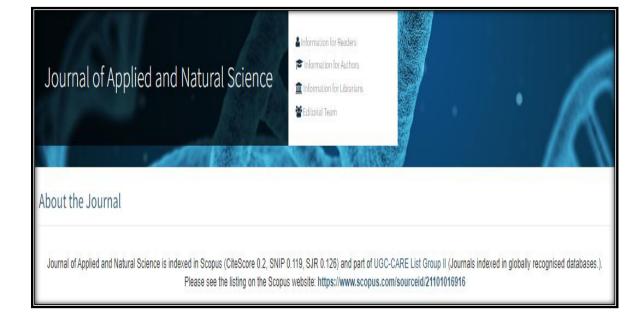




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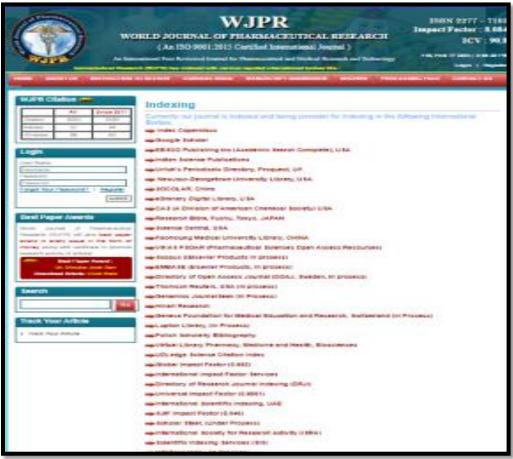




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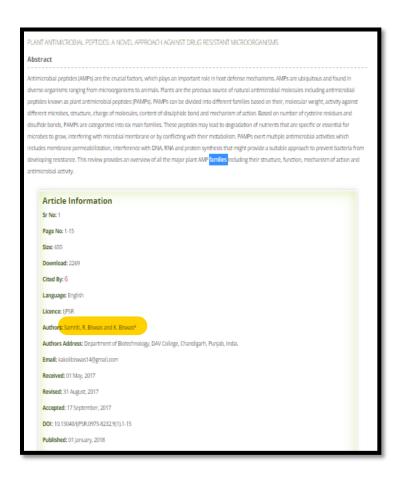




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A CORRELATION AMONG STUDENT **PROBLEMS**

Dr. Sudha Katyal & Urvashi Khanna me Science College, Sector 10D, Chandigarh, 160011, India

ABSTRACT

Students play a significant role in the development of its nation in holistic way. The most critical phase of students in their life is when they enter adolescence. The present investigation aimed to get an insight into student problems among adolescent boys and girls. The research was conducted to check the relationship of student problems with different variables like self esteem, maladaptive behaviour, self worth, exam stress, emotional problems, drop outs and aggression. Another objective of the research is to correlate student problems with different variables. The results of the study will be helpful in order to evaluate and to get knowledge about student problems and how it is affecting their daily life and we can deal with it.

INTRODUCTION

Students all over the world face a number of problems which dishearten them. It leads to sheer desperation among the student's community giving rise to unrest among students. Student life has probably become more difficult than at any time before. Parent's previous experience and education does not always equip them in dealing with such pressures. In a study by Chavan (2009) high rate of academic decline was found among students, in addition, 8.82% of the students were found to be feeling "Life as a burden", 6.6% of the students with suicidal ideas and 0.39% with deliberate self-harm. Over a period of time these can badly hamper a student's psyche. Usually students face general symptoms of emotional imbalances as part of growing up as adolescents and these become more pronounced because of the hectic student life. All such negativeness can be effectively controlled with the aid of participation, right from the parents to education

Student problems can be of various types. Some of them have been discussed in details:

- Personal Problems
- Intellectual or Cognitive Disability

Intellectual or cognitive disability can start at any time before a child reaches at the age of 18 years. dents who have intellectual problems can also have many other problems in their lives. Examples of coexisting condition may include cerebral palsy, seizure disorder, vision impairment, hearing loss and Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD). Students with severe intellectual disabilities are more likely to have additional limitations than students with milder intellectual disabilities.

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33.Assessment of Dietary Intake and Physical Activity of School Going Children in District Kangra Himachal Pradesh

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Assessment of Dietary Intake and Physical Activity of School Going Children in District Kangra Himachal Pradesh

Uttara Singh¹, Anamika Kashyap²

on, Govt. Home Science College, Sector 10-D, Chandigarh, India

²Research Scholar, Foods and Nutrition, Govt. Home Science College, Sector 10-D, Chandigarh, India

Abstract: The present study was undertaken with the objectives of assessment of dietary intake and physical activity of school going children (13-17 years) in District Kangra Himachal Prudesh. Children were selected from three government and three private schools (13-17 years). The method for data collection was a self-designed quentinanable, which covered parameters like demographic profile, anteropametre measurements, dietary information and physical activity of children bedenging to government and private school going children. The present study revealed that private school children showed better anthrepometric measurements (18.87s). Private school children consumed treakfast, skipped less medis, consumed lunch (28.87s), carried packed lunch, consumed plus (23.77s) and salad (35.77s) every day and galar levelyed in physical activities (46.77s) in school as compared to government school children (35.77s). The study concluded that protein, energy, calcium and into consumption was more in private school going children than government school children. The study concluded that private school children showed better dietary pattern, anthrepometric measurements, more physically activity.

Nutrition is a determinant of health. A well balanced diet increases the body's resistance to infection, thus warding off a bost of infections as well as helping the body fight existing infection. Depending on the nutrient in question, nutritional deficiency can manifest in an array of disorders like protein energy malnutrition, night bilindness, iodine deficiency disorders, anemia, stunting, low Body Mass Index and low coronary heart disease, hypertension, non-insulin dependent diabetes mellitus and cancer, among others. Food intake patterns and overweight are associated with different immediate complications and major long-term consequences including cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, high blood pressure, stroke, cancer, detatle caries, asthma, and some

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thus nutrition status. There are many body changes which results due to the influence of hormones. Greatest nutrients need for boys is between 12-15years and for girk is 10-13 years. They attain their adult stature between 18-20 years but bone mass continues to increase upto age of 25 years. With profound growth of adolescence there is increased demands for energy, protein, mineral and vitamins (Srilakshmi 2016).

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34. Nutritive Value And Proximate Composition Of Food Products Using Soyabean Flour (Glycine Max).

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NUTRITIVE VALUE AND PROXIMATE COMPOSITION OF FOOD PRODUCTS USING SOYABEAN FLOUR (GLYCINE MAX)

¹Uttara Singh and ²Anubhuti Dewan

¹Assistant Professor and ²M.Sc Scholar
Government Home Science College, Sector-10, Chandigarh.

Abstract

The present study was undertaken with the objectives of evolving food products containing soyabean flour to find out, nutritive value and proximate composition and mineral content of standard and most acceptable soyabean flour products. Highest energy content was observed in Type E Ladoo, Mathri, Namakapara, Cupcake and Namkeen Modak 1081, 661.5, 616.5, 1184.8 and 490.5 kilocalories respectively. Protein content in Type E Ladoo, Mathri, Namakpara, Cupcakes and Namkeen Modak were 43.2, 43.2, 43.4, 51.2 and 45.7 gram respectively. Carbohydrate content in Type B Ladoo, Mathri, Namakpara, Cupcakes and Namkeen Modak were 107, 60.9, 60.9, 110.3 and 67.4 gram respectively. Fat content in Type E Ladoo, Mathri, Namakapara, Cupcake and Namkeen Modak were 39.6, 44.8, 39.8, 77.4 and 39.6 gram respectively. Fibre content in Type E Ladoo, Mathri, Namakapara, Cupcake and Namkeen Modak were 3.8, 3.9, 3.9, 3.7 and 3.8 gram respectively. Calcium content in Type E Ladoo, Mathri, Namakapara, Cupcake and Namkeen Modak were 256.1, 259.06, 259.06, 282 and 256.1 milligram respectively. Iron content in Type E Ladoo, Mathri, Namakapara, Cupcake and Namkeen Modak were 11.2, 10.6, 10.5, 11.7 and 11.2 milligram respectively. Soyabean flour (Glycine max) contains moisture 8.1 per cent, protein 43.2 gram, crude fibre 3.7 gram, fat 19.5 gram, ash 4.5 per cent, carbohydrate 20.9 gram, calcium 240 milligram, iron 10.4 milligram, phytic acid 0.81 milligram and polyphenols 0.54 milligram per 100 gram. Biochemical estimation revealed that soyabean flour Mathri and Namkeen Modak have higher carbohydrate content and Ladoo and Namakpara have higher amount of protein and calcium. All the products have higher fat and iron content than standard food products.

Index Terms- Anti-nutritional, Proximate Analysis, Nutritive Value, Soyabean.

Introduction

Soyabean is an important staple food throughout large parts of Asia and western Africa containing more proteins than rice. It has been used in Africa and India as a staple food for thousands of years. It grows well in a fertile soil. Soyabeans are a species of legume that have become one of the most widely consumed foods in the world. They are extremely useful for human health, and they are easy to cultivate as well. In June, soyabean crop is usually sown in India and it is a *kharif* crop. In some states, it is cultivated two times a year. The harvesting period for soyabean crop in India comes around September and October. It is a highly dependent on rain and a change in the rainfall pattern



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35.To assess the nutritional status and dietary pattern of celiac disease patients.

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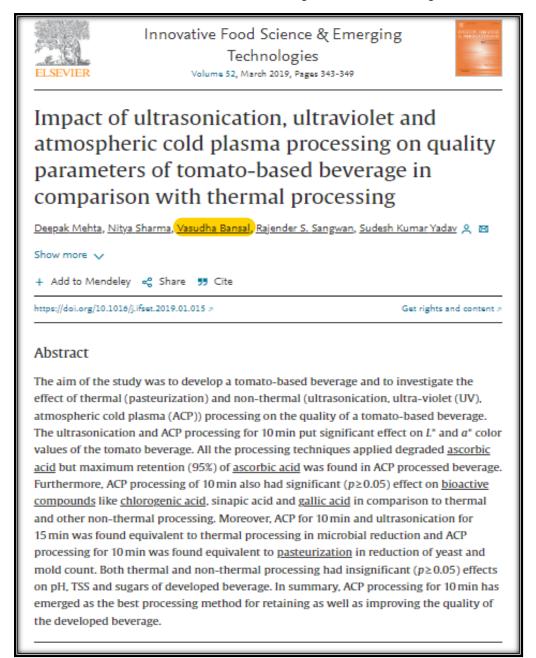
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36.Impact of ultra-sonication, ultraviolet and atmospheric cold plasma processing on quality parameters of tomato-based beverage in comparison with thermal processing

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37.Effect of high pressure processing (HPP) on microbial safety, physicochemical properties, and bioactive compounds of whey-based sweet lime (whey-lime) beverage

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(Government Home Science College, Sector 10, Chandigarh)

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Effect of high pressure processing (HPP) on microbial safety, physicochemical properties, and bioactive compounds of whey-based sweet lime (whey-lime) beverage

™, <u>Kaunsar Jabeen, P. S. Rao, Priyanka Prasad</u> & <u>Sudesh Kumar Yadav</u>

Journal of Food Measurement and Characterization 13, 454-465 (2019) Cite this article 546 Accesses 20 Citations Metrics

Abstract

The effects of high pressure processing (HPP) applying 500 MPa for 10 min at 25 °C on microbial inactivation and stability of quality parameters [bioactive compounds, phenolic content, antioxidant capacity, color, NEBI (non-enzymatic browning index), and sensory analysis] were studied. It was found that HPP treated whey-lime beverage achieved the maximum shelf-life of 120 days by keeping the microbial populations below the detection limit throughout the storage period (p < 0.01). The effect of HPP was also compared with the heat treatment (90 °C for 60 s). HPP processing preserved the antioxidant capacity (54.2%) and color of the whey-lime during the entire storage period (p < 0.01), whereas, heat processing degraded it to 76.7%. Furthermore, HPP treated whey-lime retained the maximum content of phenolics (60.2%) with sustained values of non-enzymatic browning index (0.181 ± 0.03) in comparison to heat (37.8%, 1.97 \pm 0.2). However, both treatments did not induce any major changes in pH and °brix values of whey-lime. Sensory quality parameters of untreated wheylime degraded with storage, whereas, overall quality of pressurized samples were negligibly altered. Electron microscopy was used as a tool to find the damage induced to microbial cells. Investigation of the morphology showed the leakage of cellular debris owing to the rupture of their cellular membranes under HPP. Thus, HPP processing may lead to an immensely potential technology for the production of high quality whey-lime beverage over heat



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38.Efficient and economic process for the production of bacterial cellulose from isolated strain of Acetobacterpasteurianus of RSV-4 bacterium

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> Bioresour Technol. 2019 Mar;275:430-433. doi: 10.1016/j.biortech.2018.12.042. Epub 2018 Dec 14.

Efficient and economic process for the production of bacterial cellulose from isolated strain of Acetobacter pasteurianus of RSV-4 bacterium

Vinod Kumar ¹, Devendra Kumar Sharma ¹, Vasudha Bansal ¹, Deepak Mehta ¹, Rajender S Sangwan ², Sudesh Kumar Yadav ³

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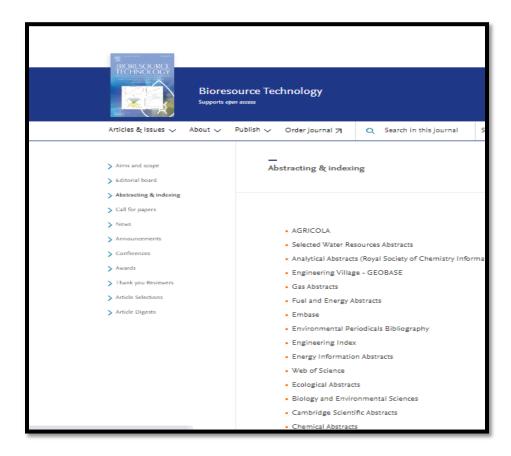
PMID: 30579775 DOI: 10.1016/j.biortech.2018.12.042

Abstract

In the present investigation, several residues from agro-forestry industries such as rice straw acid hydrolysate, corn cob acid hydrolysate, tomato juice, cane molasses and orange pulp were evaluated as the economical source for the production of bacterial cellulose. The bacterial cellulose attained the significant yield of 7.8 g/L using tomato juice, followed by 3.6 g/L using cane molasses and 2.8 g/L using orange pulp after 7 days of incubation. Furthermore, the optimum pH and temperature of fermentation for maximum production of bacterial cellulose was 4.5 and 30 \pm 1 °C. The identified bacterium Acetobacter pasteurianus RSV-4 has been deposited at repository under the accession number MTCC 25117. The produced bacterial cellulose was characterized through FTIR, SEM, TGA and DSC and found to be of very good quality. The bacterial cellulose produced by identified strain on these various agro-waste residues could be a cost effective technology for commercial its production.

Keywords: Acetobacter pasteurianus; Agro-residues; Bacterial cellulose; Scale up; Tomato juice.

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39.(De)CodingBodyscape: A Study of Select Visual Prints in the Nationalist Discourse

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(Government Home Science College, Sector 10, Chandigarh)

Gaurav Kalra | DUJES Volume 27 | 2019 Issue

(De)Coding Bodyscape: A Study of Select Visual Prints in the Nationalist Discourse

aurav Kalra is a PhD research scholar in the Department of English and Cultural Studies, Panjab University, Chandigarh (India). He has worked on the "Politics of Posture and Sartorial Sagacity: The Construction of Ascetic Masculinity in Vivekananda's Photographs and Posters" as a part of the project entitled Manly Matters: Representations of Maleness in South Asian Popular Visual Practice under the mentorship of Prof. Sumathi Ramaswamy, Duke University, Durham, North Carolina during 2017-2018. Theoretical and archival research, critical inquiry of national icon formations and visual constructs are the areas of research interest.

Abstract

The role of visual art as a political tool, especially during the colonial era, to disseminate multifarious ideological underpinnings has often remained at the center stage of the nationalist discourse. The paper critically scrutinizes deployment of visual art forms by nationalist elites for the ideological projection of the elitist strategies under the guise of the nationalist discourse The national elite groups like brahmins, industrialists, agricultural landlords, capitalists, and the Western-educated Indians utilized visual culture to disseminate the notion of national consciousness among the masses. The forerunners of the anti-colonial movement knew the fact that without inducing the spirit of active participation and sacrifice in the consciousness of the masses, freedom was nothing but a utopian dream. Various art forms have been exploited to evoke the nationalist sentiments of the masses before and after independence. Visual art provided them an altogether different space to enter into the otherwise interior private sphere of the masses. This helped in widening the portfolio of the nationalist elite to sway the masses into their own nationalist strategies. The present paper will try to critically evaluate select visual art techniques employed by the nationalist elite during the course of anti-colonial struggle in India.

Keywords: Visual Art, Bodyscape, Geobody, Nationalist Discourse, Bharat Mata



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(De)Coding Bodyscape: A Study of Select Visual Prints in the Nationalist Discourse

DILIES Volume 27 | March 2010 Issue DILIES Volume 26 | March 2018 Issue DILIES Index

Gaurav Kalra is a PhD research scholar in the Department of English and Cultural Studies, Panjab University, Chandigarh (India). He has worked on the "Politics of Posture and Sartorial Sagacity: The Construction of Ascetic Masculinity in Vivekananda's Photographs and Posters" as a part of the project entitled Manly Matters: Representations of Maleness in South Asian Popular Visual Practice under the mentorship of Prof. Sumathi Ramaswamy, Duke University, Durham, North Carolina during 2017-2018. Theoretical and archival research, critical inquiry of national icon formations and visual constructs are the areas of research interest.

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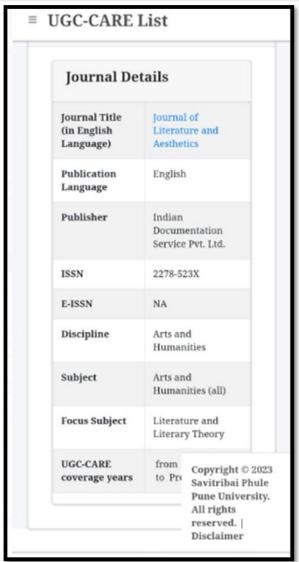
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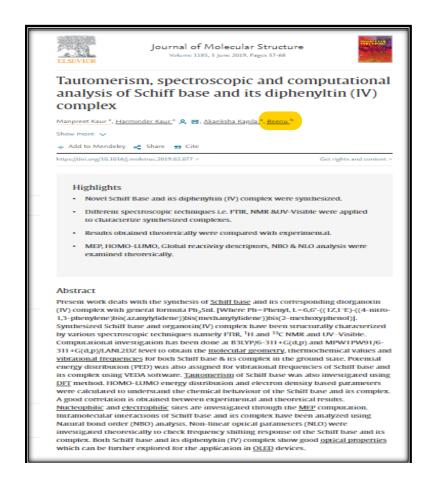
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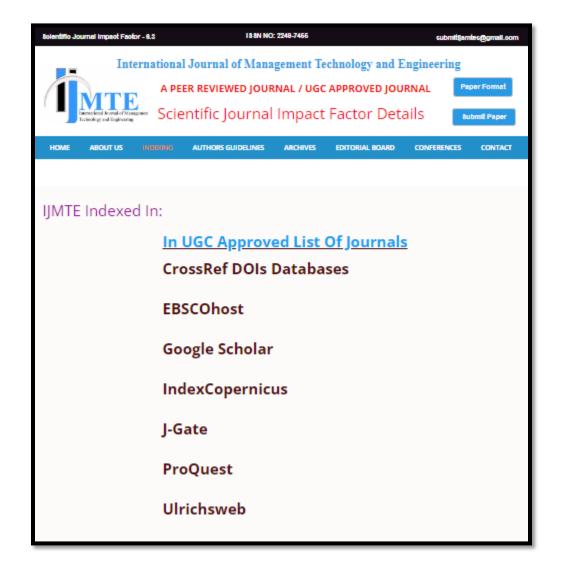




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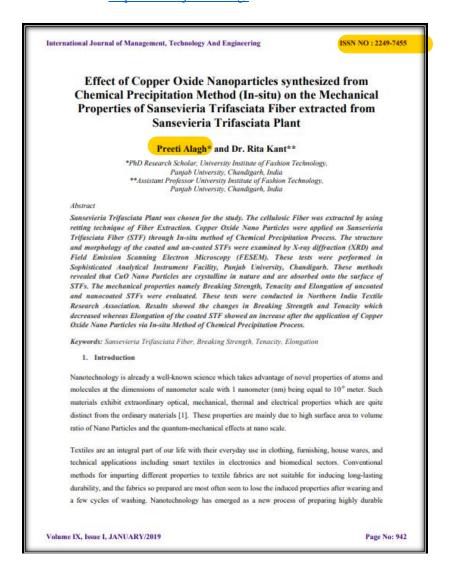
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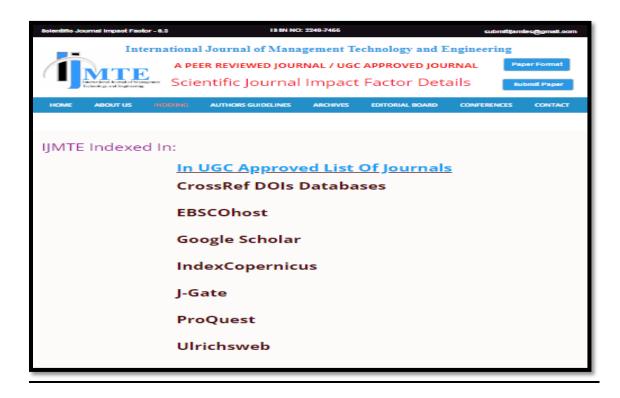




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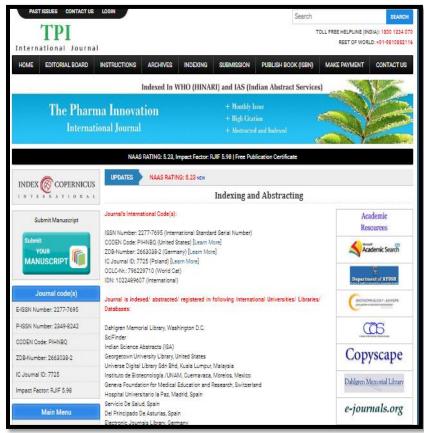


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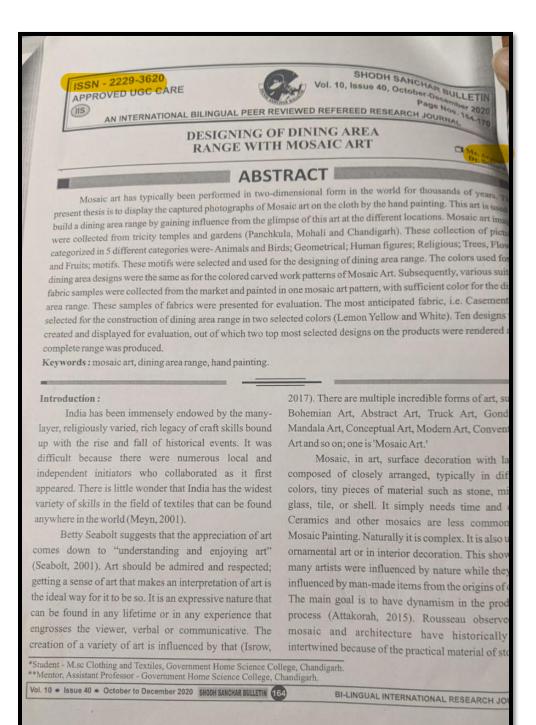


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FOOTWEAR PROBLEMS AMONG ADULT PUNJABI WOMEN OF CHANDIGARH

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*Assistant Professor, Govt. Home Science College, Chandigarh, India. E-mail: saloniya20@ gmail.com Mobile: 09463396179

Abstract: Women need suitable and comfortable footwear according to the role they have to play both at home and their work place. Not only clothing but footwear also plays a significant role in women's life for every occasion. As the large number of women is involved in outdoor activities, they are becoming more conscious about their health and fitness. Hence, they need properly fitted or little loose footwear as their choice. The city of Chandigarh has a large number of working women. The present study is undertaken to find the preference of fit of footwear and footwear problems among adult Punjabi women of Chandigarh. A total of 600 women form the sample of this study. The results thus shows that adult Punjabi women of Chandigarh, i) mostly prefer exactly fitted footwear ii) 55.2% women reported foot problems mainly heel pain.

Keywords: Fit of footwear, Footwear problems, Punjabi women

1. Introduction

To facilitate the foot its function, humans clad the foot in a variety of coverings (footwear) to give protection and warmth (Hawes and Sovak 1994). Properly constructed footwear improves compatibility between foot and footwear, thus contributing to fit and comfort (Kouchi 1995; Rossi 1988; Hawes et al. 1994). It helps us keep balance. It is not only essential for support and locomotion, it also easily influences lifestyle. "The foot is a part of the human body, and footwear can be studied as the clothed foot just like fashion is treated as a clothed body" (Kawamura 2016). Ill- fitting footwear may lead to biomechanical imbalance and ultimately give rise to different foot problems such as blisters, corns, and ankle injury, acute or chronic pain in the foot (Killian, Nishimoto, and Page 1998). Tight fitting shoes and high heels is often the cause of foot problems in women like hammer toes, blisters, bunions, corns, and calluses. Proper designing of footwear is of great importance for proper fit and comfort of foot within the shoe to avoid foot discomfort and deformity. The medial longitudinal arch of the foot helps to protect the foot from injury (Xiong et al. 2010).

A higher percentage of women in urban area, like Chandigarh, are becoming more and more involved in activities outside the home; and thus majority of times they remain in shoes. As the population of women involved in outdoor activities is rising, they are becoming conscious about their health and fitness. Hence, they need footwear that is suitable and comfortable for various occasions. If the footwear is not of right size or fit it leads to body fatigue, locomotion and foot problems. The present study is aim to find the preference of fit of footwear and problems related to footwear practices among adult Punjabi women of Chandigarh.

47. Preference of footwear design among adult Panjabi Women of Chandigarh

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PREFERENCE OF FOOTWEAR DESIGN AMONG ADULT PUNJABI WOMEN OF CHANDIGARH

Dr. Sonia*

*Assistant Professor, Govt. Home Science College, Chandigarh, India. E-mail: saloniya20@gmail.com Mobile: 09463396179

Abstract: Footwear forms an important part of women's ensemble. It plays a significant role in women's life for every occasion. As the population of women involved in outdoor activities is rising, they are becoming conscious about their health and fitness. Hence, they need footwear that is suitable and comfortable for various occasions. The city of Chandigarh has a large number of working women and adult student population. The present study is undertaken to find the preference of footwear design among adult Punjabi women of Chandigarh. A total of 600 female subjects divided into four age groups form the sample of this study. The results thus shows that adult Punjabi women of Chandigarh, i) equally prefer all the designs ii) season and comfort factors are given priority and, iii) also prefer front open and back open footwear designs with daily wear, office as well as formal wear.

Keywords: Footwear designs, Punjabi women

1. Introduction

A woman's wardrobe is incomplete without a few pair of footwear and forms the overall fashion look of a person. When it comes to footwear, women have many more choices than men. The different types of footwear are shoes, sandals, boot, clogs, slippers, oxfords, and sports shoes; along with various type of heels. Women love the footwear of any make and style across the world. The choice of the footwear reveals the women's taste, liking, and personality. Different types and styles of footwear are designed according to the kind of wear like daily wear, sports wear, office wear and formal wear. Taiwanese unmarried women aged 18-35 years spends more on purchasing shoes and lay more emphasis on style and colour as compared to married women aged 36 years and above were also concerned with comfort and material (Wang 2014).

College going girls of Chandigarh preferred fashion (Marwaha 1977; Kaur 2010), and design in footwear above all other factors while boys laid greater emphasis on the durability and comfort of the footwear (Marwaha 1977). Young adults' footwear practices have also been studied by Jain and Sharma (2015) in Jaipur where preference for comfort, size and fit was noted. Banerjee, Bagchi, and Mehta (2014) found that women and men of Kolkata and Delhi in addition to the factors of quality, durability, availability, fashion, appearance, also preferred 'odourless' footwear. Wadhwa (1981) observed that young girls of Chandigarh are fond of having large number of footwear pairs in their wardrobe than housewives. Appearance is the main factor influencing the girls' choice of footwear while housewives go for durability in the selecting footwear.

Women, who are on their toes throughout the day, know to a great extent that one of the most important items in their wardrobe is their footwear after the clothes that they wear. The present study aim to find the preference of footwear selection, factors influencing its selection and

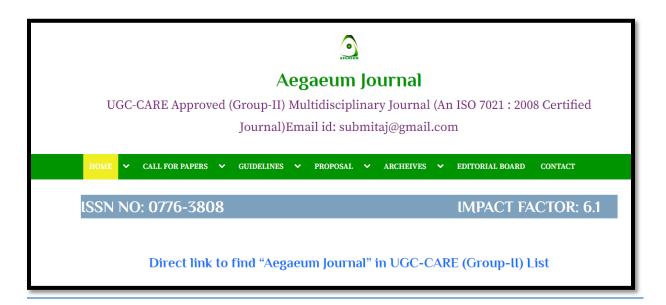
Volume 10, Ionae 9, 2020

http://www.journaleca.com/ Page No. 76

48. Effect of age on foot shape among adult panjabi women

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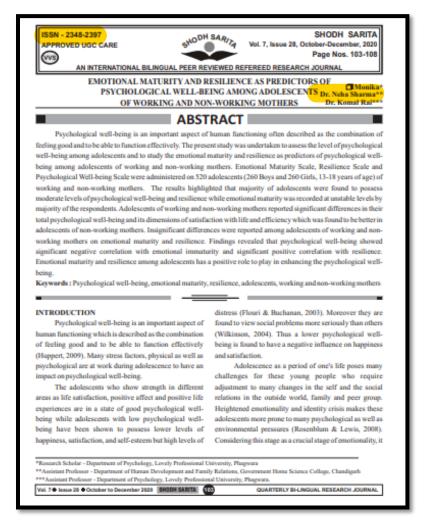




49.Emotional maturity and resilience as predictors of psychological wellbeing among adolescents of working &Non-working mothers

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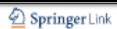




50. Review of the analytical methods for and clinical impact of additives and flavors used in electronic cigarettes.

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(Government Home Science College, Sector 10, Chandigarh)



Review Paper | Published: 26 November 2019

Review of the Analytical Methods for and Clinical Impact of Additives and Flavors Used in Electronic Cigarettes

Vasudha Bansal, Beshare Hashemi, Nadeem Raza, Ki-Hyun Kim ¹², Waseem Raza, Pawan Kumar & Richard J. C. Brown

Exposure and Health 12, 593-615 (2020) Cite this article
489 Accesses 3 Citations Metrics

Abstract

Electronic cigarettes (ECs) have recently become very popular among the population due to the various flavors available for vaping products. Consequently, manufacturers are trying to attract more users through the addition of various additives including nicotine, new flavors, and aromas. However, the inhalation of unknown and untested chemicals may cause health problems. Therefore, more clinical reports need to be collected for standardization of ECs for their effective regulation. However, detailed compositional information for EC additives is not commonly available. The aim of this review is, therefore, to study the state-of-the-art methods that can be employed for the quantitative analysis of the composition of electronic cigarettes with respect to these additives and flavors along with the basic cigarette ingredient like nicotine (both before and after consumption). In addition, efforts have also been made to address the clinical impacts of vaping EC and its additives on both the organ and cellular level. It was found that the effect of flavorings in EC is clearly associated with pathogenicity at the molecular level and need of standardization of the usage of EC and its flavorings is urgently needed.

51.Atmospheric cold plasma (ACP) treatment improved in-package shelf-life of strawberry fruit

Link of the paper: https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s13197-019-04035-7 Link of the Journal Website -https://www.springer.com/journal/13197

(Government Home Science College, Sector 10, Chandigarh)

Original Article | Published: 22 August 2019

Atmospheric cold plasma (ACP) treatment improved inpackage shelf-life of strawberry fruit

<u>Sudha Rana, Deepak Mehta Wasudha Bansal ™, U. S. Shivhare</u> & <u>Sudesh Kumar Yadav</u> ™

Journal of Food Science and Technology 57, 102-112 (2020) Cite this article

1177 Accesses | 34 Citations | 1 Altmetric | Metrics

Abstract

The aim of this study was to investigate the effect of atmospheric cold plasma (ACP) treatment on the microbial inactivation, physicochemical properties, and shelf-life of strawberry fruit with its extended in-package storage at room (25 °C) and refrigerated (4 °C) temperature. ACP treatment of 10, 15 and 30 min was studied on strawberry fruit using a dielectric barrier discharge (DBD) at 60 kV with an input voltage of 260 V at 50 Hz. The shelf-life of ACP treated strawberry was extended to 5 days at 25 °C and 9 days at 4 °C in sealed ACP package. However, non-treated packaged strawberry was degraded in 2 days. ACP treatment of 15 min resulted in 2 log reduction of microbial load and enhanced the concentration of chlorogenic acid, hyprin, phloretin, vanillin, gallic acid, 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde and rutin during inpackage storage of 5 day (~ 120 h) at 25 °C with respect to control (p < 0.05). In addition, ACP treatment of 15 min at 60 kV was also found to increase the total phenolic content and antioxidant activity. However, total soluble solids, pH and moisture were not affected with ACP treatment (p > 0.05). Therefore, ACP treatment of 15 min with in-package storage of 5 days (~ 120 h) was found to be advantageous for increasing the shelf-life and functional quality of strawberry fruit.

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2021

54. Current Scenario of Breastfeeding In India

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International Journal of Scientific Research & Engineering Trends
Volume 7, Issue 4, July-Aug-2021, ISSN (Online): 2395-566X

Current Scenario of Breastfeeding in India

Associate Prof. Dr. Ritu Pradhan, Anupreet Kaur Sobti
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Government Home Science College,
Chandigarh, India
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Abstract- Breastfeeding is an unparalleled universally recommended intervention for the promotion of health and nutrition of children and reduction of mortality. In spite of the WHO recommendations and baby-friendly hospital initiative, breastfeeding practices are inappropriate due to maternal, infant, socioeconomic, and cultural factors. WHO recommends the use of various Infant and Young Child (IYC) indicators for assessing infant and young child feeding practices. Unlike in 2008, no distinction is made between core and optional indicators in this set of recommendations (2021). To support programme assessment, planning and monitoring, national-level reporting on estimates for IYCF indicators should take place approximately every three to five years. NFHS-5 findings show a worrying trend in child feeding practices. Despite the importance of breastfeeding practices for the healthy growth and development of infants and young children and health of mothers, data is not so encouraging. Necessary action is therefore the need of the hour. Breastfeeding is not only a mother's responsibility. To enable all mothers and children to be breastfed, it requires support from governments, healthcare systems, families, communities, employers and work places to actually make it work. We need to leverage all sectors of society to make breastfeeding successful for mothers and babies. Appropriate individual and group counseling for families and community is required. Adequate funding and implementation of policies and programmes is also necessary.

Keywords- Breastfeeding, baby-friendly hospital initiative, Infant and Young Child (IYC), Community.

I. INTRODUCTION

The right to food and nutrition, including Breast milk is well- established in International Human Rights principles and Laws. Right to life includes the child's right to breastfeed, to obtain adequate nutrition and attain highest standard of health and women's right to breastfeeding education and to be paid with maternity leave.

Women have the right to obtain accurate and unbiased information needed to make an informed choice about breastfeeding. They also have the right to good quality health services, including comprehensive sexual, reproductive, and maternal health services. [1]

growth, health, and behavioral development for infants and young children (IYC) under 2 years of age.

To support programmatic action and to contribute to monitoring progress on IYCH at National and Global levels, indicators for assessing IYCF practices were introduced. The current recommended set of indicators (2021) is population-level indicators and has been designed for data collection in large-scale surveys or by national programs whereas small local and regional programs may also be able to make use of them.

These cannot be applied for screening or assessment of individuals and are not intended to meet the needs in program monitoring and evaluation. Unlike in 2008, there

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55.Optimizing Breastfeeding for better health Outcomes: A way forward

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International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (IJTSRD) Volume 5 Issue 5, July-August 2021 Available Online: www.ijtsrd.com e-ISSN: 2456 – 6470

Optimizing Breastfeeding for Better Health Outcomes: The Way Forward

Dr. Ritu Pradhan¹, Anupreet Kaur Sobti²

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Breastfeeding is the clinical gold standard for infant feeding and nutrition, with breast milk uniquely tailored to meet the health needs of a growing baby. However, breastfeeding seems to be under attack by the commercial influence of the baby food industry, supported at work places and in the hospitals where they come to deliver. Artificial baby milk (formula) cannot meet the gold standards of breast milk. Provisions of IMS Act exists but widespread awareness and effective enforcement is required. Various studies reveal the gaps in the provision and implementation of the laws and awareness programs and to suggest appropriate solutions. It, thus, becomes necessary to emphasize upon the provisions of IMS Act, 2003 and evidently bring forward the commercial influence of baby food industry. Review revealed that the provisions of IMS Act has been violated at various online and offline platforms. Strategies to optimise breastfeeding and overcome breastfeeding barriers in the country are recommended, including community health and education programmes and 'baby-friendly' hospital initiatives. Advocates of breastfeeding are needed at the national, community and family levels. In addition, more systematic research should be conducted to examine breastfeeding practices and the best strategies to promote breastfeeding in this country

KEYWORDS: Breastfeeding, Breastmilk, Artificial baby milk, IMS Act, Baby friendly hospital initiatives

INTRODUCTION

Human milk, or breastmilk, is uniquely engineered for human infants and is the biologically 'natural' way to feed infants. Breastfeeding is the cornerstone of infant and young child survival, nutrition, development and maternal health. WHO recommends

bioactive components—those that have an effect on cells and tissues-and how these components contribute to development and protect against disease.

Among the bioactive components of breast milk is

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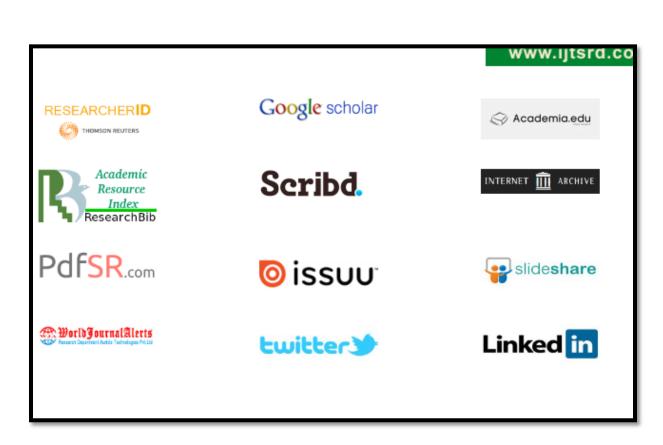
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56. Designing of handbags of college joining girls

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The Indian Journal of Home Science 2021: 33(1)

DESIGNING OF HAND BAGS FOR COLLEGE GOING GIRLS

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ABSTRACT

Clothing is one of the three basic necessities of men or women and is incomplete without accessory. Accessories give clothes a more meaningful look and add prestige to an ensemble. There are a lot of accessories which are generally used by women such as belts, gloves, watches, stoles, scarves, bags and wallets etc. Clothing is determinant of personality and handbags form a part of it. Now a day's women are becoming more and more involved in activities outside the home, so they need a multipurpose bag in which they can keep keys money, mobile, water bottle, lunch box and other important things. The size of handbag depends upon individual 's preference about what she wants to carry in it. Today, tote bags play many roles and meet many needs. Tote bags are handbags which are multi-tasked, and also popular all over the world. A tasteful sense in clothing with minimal accessories can give the piquant touch. The younger generation is much interested and more experimental to their clothing, especially girls. Innovative design, usefulness combined with in trend styles is the most sought after properties in a consumer good. For creating the tote bags, truck art is studied, motifs are collected, and then designs are developed inspired from truck art.

Keywords: accessories, hand bags, tote bags, truck art

INTRODUCTION

Accessories are items of equipment that are not usually essential, but which can be used with or added to something else in order to make it more efficient, useful, or decorative. Handbag is one of the most important items for a woman and contributes much to her personality without which a woman rarely leaves her home (Danville, 1962). According to Longman and Oxford English dictionary, —Handbag is a small bag or pouch of any flexible material used by a woman to carry necessities. The handbag is an essential element of a woman's wardrobe that is both functional and fashionable. Basically, handbags are bigger in size than purses. A handbag is a true companion as it not only holds one 's essentials while running out, but also tells others just how well put together a person is. A girl can triple the impact of her outfit with just choice of handbag extending from the hand (Bawa, 2006).

Today more and more women are becoming educated and socially alert. They are usually playing an active role, at domestic as well as the career front. Therefore, for multifarious jobs, they require accessories which will give clothes a more expensive look. In a well-coordinated wardrobe very few accessories are required and it should be good collection that individual carry often and keeping with contemporary trends and style.

The handbags can be classified according to need, material, and decoration. According to type, there are various types of bags such as laptop bag, bottle bag, promotional bag, shopping bag, and utility bag (Lau, 2012). The size of handbag depends upon individual 's preference about what she wants to carry in it. Today, tote bags play many roles and meet many needs. A tote bag is described as a large or roomy handbag (usually slung over the shoulders) to carry everyday items

57. Antibacterial Efficiency Of Natural Dye Extracted From Eucalyptus Bark On Cotton Fabric

Link of the paper: N/A

Link of the Journal Website-https://www.xajzkjdx.cn/

Journal of Xi'an University of Architecture & Technology

ISSN No: 1006-7930

ANTIBACTERIAL EFFICIENCY OF NATURAL DYE EXTRACTED FROM EUCALYPTUS BARK ON COTTON FABRIC

*Associate Professor, Department of Clothing and Textiles Government Home Science College, Chandigarh ** Student. M. Sc. Clothing and Textiles Government Home Science College, Chandigarh

ABSTRACT

India has rich diversity in terms of its plant kingdom which is a treasure house of diverse natural resources. Dye is one of the natural products which can be extracted from different herbage. Natural dyes are sustainable as they are renewable and bio-degradable. With the emergence of multi-drug-resistant organism, combining medicinal plant with synthetic medicines against resistant bacteria becomes necessary. In the present study natural dye was extracted using aqueous method from the bark of Eucalyptus globules and applied on cotton fabric. Its antibacterial activity was tested against major clinical pathogens i.e. S. aureus, E. coli, P. flouroscence and B. cereus at different concentration and with different mordanted and dyed samples. During the test zone of inhibition was measured and it was found that dyes extracted from Eucalyptus bark has good antibacterial efficiency which further increased with the addition of Alum and FeSO4 mordants.

KEY WORDS: Eucalyptus bark, Antibacterial efficiency, mordants.

INTRODUCTION

Natural dyes are experiencing a great resurgence of interest in the textile world. They are considered eco-friendly and nontoxic, fitting nicely into similar trends of repurposing and up cycling. We are now becoming more aware of the ill effects of synthetic dyes on our environment.

The wide use of antibiotics in the treatment of bacterial infections has led to the appearance of resistant strains. The increase of this phenomenon threatens public health on a global scale as it reduces the effectiveness of treatments and increases morbidity, mortality and health care costs. As a result, the need for new antimicrobial agents becomes greater than ever. With the

Volume XIII, Issue 4, 2021 Page No: 431

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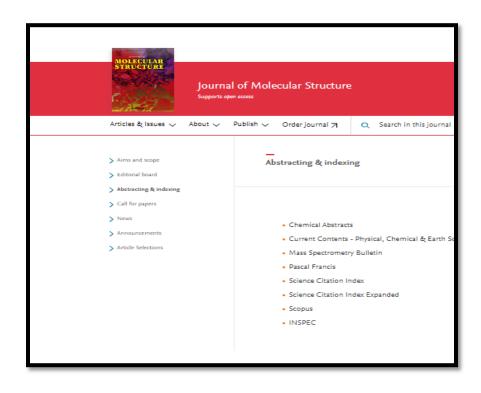
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59. Fighting against Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome: A Systematic Review on Plant Foods and Natural Products as Complementary Herbal Medicines.

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arban Mohiuddin Bhat', Thanongsak Chaiyaso^{hi}, Mohammed Wasim Siddiquiⁱ, Jomkhwan Meerak'<mark>i Vasudha</mark> Iansalⁱ, Chuda Chittasupho^a, Chandan Shivamallui, Jagadeesh Devaraj^a, Shashanka K Prasad^a and Satana Rose

Plant Bioactive Compound laboratory (BAC lab), Faculty of Agriculture, Chiang Mai University, 50200, Thailand
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Foods and Nutrition, Govt. Home Science Courge, Section Foods and State of Agro-Industry, Chiang Mai University, 50100, Thailand 'Cluster of Agro-Bio-Circular-Green Industry (Agro-BCG), Agro-Industry, Chiang Mai University, 50100, Thailand 'Department of Palmaneautical Sciences, Faculty of Pharmacy, Chiang Mai University, Chiang Mai 50200, Thailand 'Department of Molecular Biology, Yuvania's Sciences, College, University of Mysore, Mysuru, Karmataka, 570005, India 'Department of Biotechnology and Bioinformatics, Faculty of Life Sciences, JSS Academy of Higher Education and Research (JSS AHER), Mysuru, Karmataka, 570015, India:

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ABSTRACT
The corner perdenic 2019 (CoMD-19) has encouraged social receivant for the physical distancing and accenters for the use of natural products of medicinal plants for horse remedies. Extension for the use of containing the physical distancing and accenters for the use of compact value, the causative agent of CoVD-19 in order to find treatment of corners are use, the causative agent of CoVD-19 in order to find treatment of corners are used to the containing the containing time of the containing time of covered to the protein studies to indicate, ways to enhance agreement of the containing time of the containing time of containing time of containing time of the containing tim

INTRODUCTION
Viral respiratory infection can be classified by causative agents, for instance, common cold was caused by either influenza viruses (Type A, and B) or coronaviruses (Al-Tawfiq et al. 2013; Falsey et al. 2002). B-coronaviruses (Al-Tawfiq et al. 2013; Falsey et al. 2002). B-coronaviruses (Syndrome (SARS-GoV) and Middle East Respiratory Syndrome corona virus (MERS-GoV), the epidemic outbreaks in 2003 and 2012, respectively (Chang et al. 2020; Desforges et al. 2020; Evelyan et al. 2020; The coronaviruses cause acute respiratory multi-organ dysfunction with lung inflammatory lesions and structural damage, and acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) which lead to pulmonary failure and result in patient fitality (Adnau et al. 2020; Chen et al. 2020). World Health Organization (WHO) recommended regular washing of bands, masking of nose and mouth while sneezing and coughing, al 2020; Chen et al. 2020). World Health Organization (WHO) recommended regular washing of hands, masking of nose and mouth while sneezing and coughing, thorough cooking of food and maintain social distancing

from individuals who are symptomatic for respiratory infections. The new strain of corona virus came to existence in December 2019 which was later spread out globally with increasing number of deaths and hospitalizations in no time. The viruses were officially remained SARS-CoV-2 by the International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses (ICTV), which later known as coronavirus disease 2019 (or CoVID-19) (Lupla et al. 2019). The symptoms of infection started appearing after an incubation period of ~ 6 days. The most common symptoms at onset of CoVID-19 illness are fever, cough, and fatigue. Meanwhile, patients could also develop sinus infection, sputum production, headache, bemoptysis, dyspnoea, and lymphopenia (Ren et al. 2020) Wang et al. 2020) (Figure 1). To date (as of November 2020), increasing numbers of cases and deaths from CoVID-19 are still being reported globally with consistent increase in numbers (WHO 2020). are still being reported g in numbers (WHO 2020).

Abstracting and Indexing

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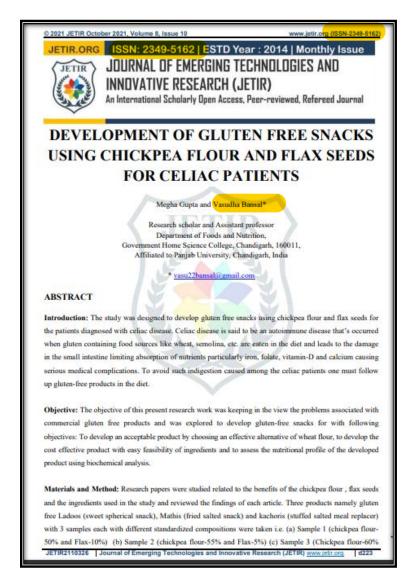
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60. Development Of Gluten Free Snacks Using Chickpea Flour And Flax Seeds For Celiac Patients

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61. Effect of Demographic and socio economic parameters on prevalence of anemia amongst pregnant women in Chandigarh

paper: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/353480087_EFFECT_OF_DEMOGRAPHIC_AND_SO CIO ECONOMIC PARAMETERS ON PREVALENCE OF ANEMIA AMONGST PREGNANT W **OMEN IN CHANDIGARH**

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THE JOURNAL OF ORIENTAL RESEARCH MADRAS

ISSN: 0022-3301 JULY 2021 | 91

EFFECT OF DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIO ECONOMIC PARAMETERS ON PREVALENCE OF ANEMIA AMONGST PREGNANT WOMEN IN CHANDIGARH

ssistant Professor, Government Home Science College, Ch. G. Prerna Assistant Professor, Lovely Professional University, Phagwara B. Jasvinder Associate Professor, Central University of Punjab, Bhatinda.

ABSTRACT

Anemia is a severe public health problem in India affecting nearly 50% of the population especially vulnerable groups such as children, adolescent girls and pregnant women. Initiatives have been taken by the Government to help combat this problem, but to no avail. Vegetarian diets particularly provide lesser iron. The present study was conducted to assess the prevalence of anemia among one set of the vulnerable population i.e. pregnant women and further evaluate the effect of socio economic status and demographic factors on anemia. Pregnant women visiting the gynecology department of Civil Hospital in Chandigarh were selected for the study. It was observed that 50.4% women belonging to rural areas and 44.5% belonging to the urban parts of Chandigarh suffered from lence depending upon the sociosed for preva mild and moderate anemia. Furthermore, when assess economic status, a significant difference was observed amongst subjects belonging to the upper and lower class (p-0.03). 48.9% women belonging to upper lower class suffered from moderate anemia, whereas only 18.6% belonging to upper middle and 0% belonging to upper class suffered from anemia. Being a public health problem, efforts must be made to harvest and consume low cost iron rich sources to help overcome this deficiency.

Keywords: Iron Deficiency Anemia, vulnerable population, low cost iron rich, socio econo

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INTRODUCTION

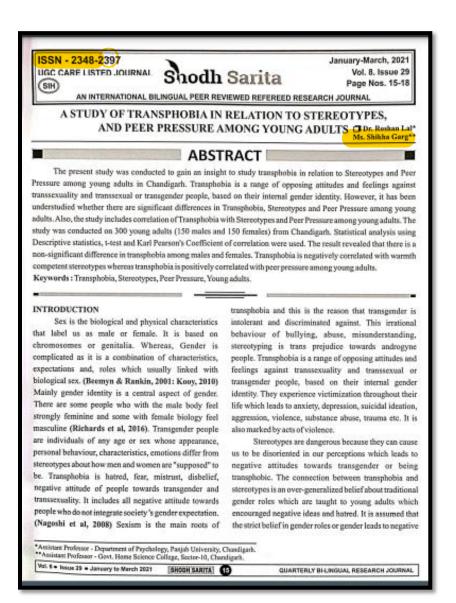
Worldwide, at any given moment, more individuals have iron-deficiency anemia than any other health problem (1). Anemia is the most common morbidity among micronutrients and affects health, education, economy, and productivity of the entire nation. Its prevalence is wide spread especially in vulnerable groups. It affects over 800 million women worldwide. In India, it is classified as a major public health problem as it is estimated that 52% of non-pregnant women of reproductive age are anemic. Anemia prevalence in young children continues to remain over 70% in most parts of India and Asia despite a policy being in place and a program that has been initiated for a long time(2). The NFHS survey conducted in 2012-13 revealed that Anemia prevalence ranges from 76.3% in West Bengal to 32.7% in Kerela(3). The most common among the causes for anemia is malnutrition and ong that group, iron deficiency makes up the bulk of it. Causative factors for anemia ranges from low dietary intake to poor iron and folic acid intake (4). Furthermore, walking bare feet, unhygienic habits and use of potable water not fit for drinking were amongst the important factors leading to nemia deficiency in masses b). However, low nutritional education and lower socio economic status can also lead to an ase in cases of anemia (7,8). Several socio-demographic factors, may it be location, gender, ethnicity, income also affect the nutritional status. (9). Developing countries are said to face risk of anemia due to nutritional deficiency, blood loss and malaria (10).

There are various types of Anemia majority of which can all be categorized under Nutritional Anemia. Deficiency of hemoglobin in the blood could be due to folic acid, iron or Vitamin B12, but the most common type prevalent is the iron deficiency Anemia. It is caused when there is less of the mineral iron in the body. Iron is required to bind with a protein globin to form hemoglobin. The common symptoms of iron deficiency Anemia include general weakness, fatigue, shortness of breath, lack of concentration and dizzin

62.A study of transphobia in relation to stereotypes, and peer pressure among young adults

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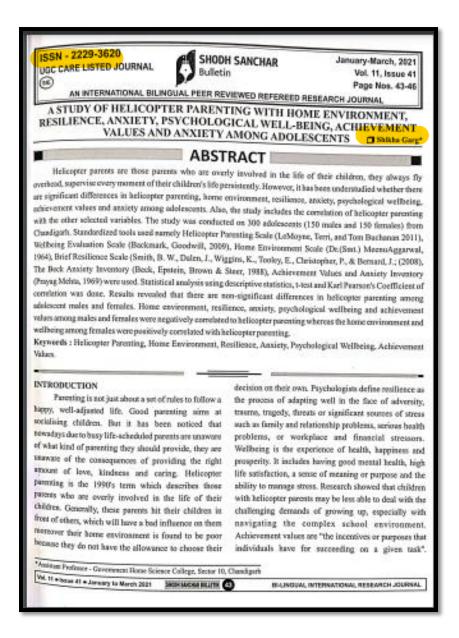




63.A study of helicopter parenting with home environment, resilience, anxiety, psychological well being, achievement values and anxiety among adolescents

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65.Prevalence of hypertension and its associated factors among affluent Khatri boys and girls of Chandigarh

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(Government Home Science College, Sector 10, Chandigarh)

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PREVALENCE OF HYPERTENSION AND ITS ASSOCIATED FACTORS AMONG AFFLUENT KHATRI BOYS AND GIRLS OF CHANDIGARH

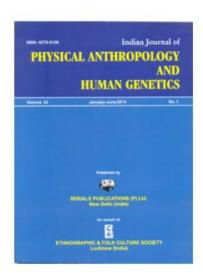
BHAVNEET KAUR AND INDU TALWAR

ABSTRACT

ABSTRACT

The present study has been undertaken with an aim to investigate the prevalence of hypertension along with associated factors among affluent Khatri boys and girls of Chandigarh. A cross-sectional sample of 1827 (918 boys and 909 girls) Khatri boys and girls ranging in age from 6 to 17 years, belonging to high socio-economic status were drawn from various public and convent schools of Chandigarh. The data were divided into twelve age groups each of the magnitude of one year using Decimal age calendar. Height, weight, waist circumference, hip circumference, sub scapular skinfold thickness, triceps skinfold thickness of each subject was measured using standardized anthropometric techniques given by Weiner and Lourie (1981). Derived indices like body mass index, waist hip ratio, waist height ratio, conicity index, subscapular to triceps skinfold ratio, fat mass index and fat free mass index were computed from the anthropometric measurements. A body fat analyzer (Omron HBF 352 model) based on the bioelectrical impedance method was used to calculate total body fat mass and percentage fat among Khatri adolescents. The blood pressure was measured with a standard clinical sphygmomanometer. The mean value of systolic blood pressure in boys and girls at the age of 6 years was 97.07 mm Hg and 99.44 mmHg respectively and it increased to 130.56 mm Hg and 122.57mmHg at 17 years. Girls showed the maximum rise in blood pressure from 11 to 12 years (5.85mm) and boys between 12 and 13 (4.86mm) years. After 13 years boys registered considerably greater values for systolic blood pressure as 63.29 mm/Hg and 64.67 mm Hg, respectively and these values increased to 84.59 mm/Hg and 64.67 mm Hg, respectively and these values increased to 84.59 mm/Hg and 69.00 mm of Hg in girls at 17 years. Prevalence of prehypertension was 5.66% among boys and girls respectively. Chi-aquare values showed significant differences between boys and girls at 9, 10, and girls reported higher prevalence of hypertension as compared to their normal and

havneet Kaur, Assistant Professor, Government Home Science College, Sector 10, Chandigarh, nail: bhavneetkaurmatharoo@gmail.com; Indu Talwar, Professor (Retd.), Department of thropology, Panjab University, Chandigarh, Email: talwarindu@yahoo.co.in



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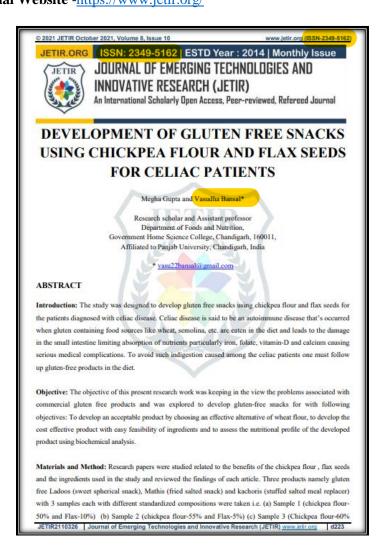
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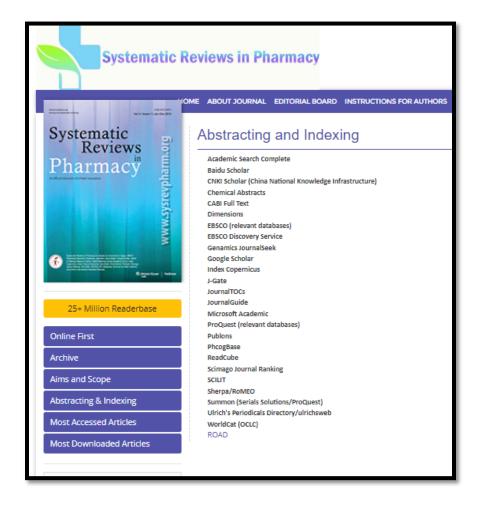




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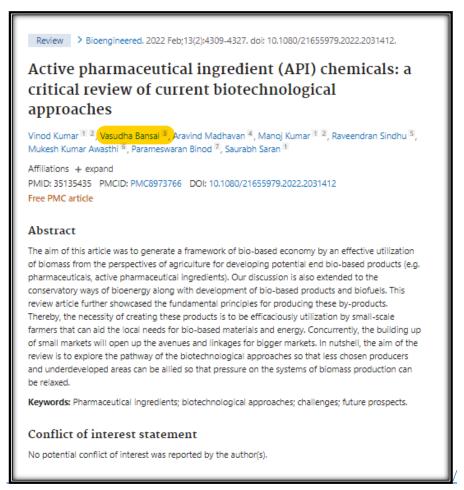


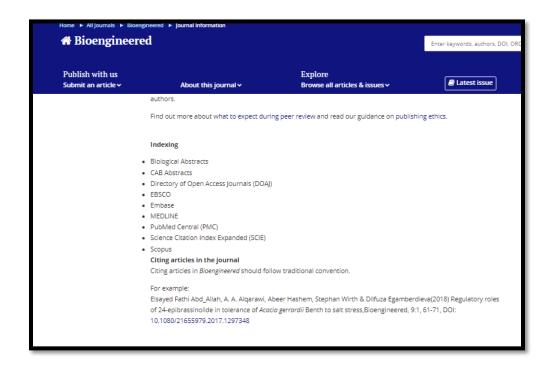


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72.Processing induced changes on coarse cereals (majorly millets) derived antioxidant compounds-a review

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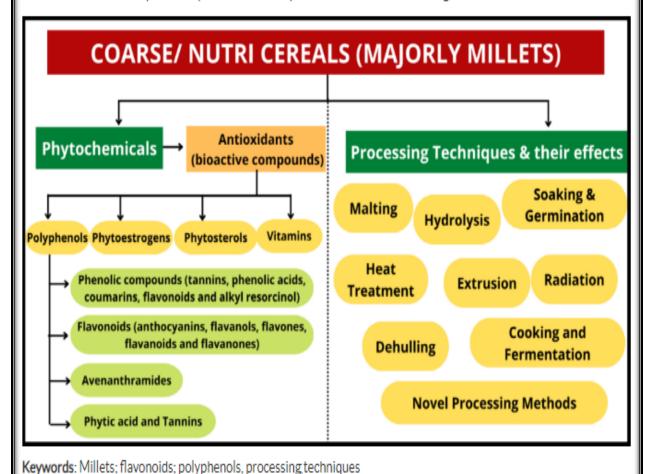
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Processing induced changes on coarse cereals (majorly millets) derived antioxidant compounds - a review

Dipesh Aggarwal, Aastha Bhardwaj, Anupreet Kaur Sobti, Sana Fatma, Nitya Sharma, Vasudha Bansal

Abstract

Coarse cereals also known as nutricereals contain several bioactive components that provide many health-promoting, and disease-preventing properties. This paper presents a review of the effect of processing on the various antioxidant compounds present in coarse cereals. Polyphenols, phenolic compounds, flavonoids, tannins, avenanthramides, vitamins, and phytoestrogens are the major categories that contribute to the antioxidant properties of coarse cereals. As per the literature, processing technologies like fermentation, boiling, malting, hydrolysis, soaking and germination, heat treatment, microwaving and extrusion, etc, have a significant effect on these antioxidant compounds present in coarse cereals. Coarse cereals and their processed products could be of potential benefit to human health, but extensive research is required to optimize the dietary recommendation for realizing these health benefits.



73.Effect of incorporating plant-based quercetin on physicochemical properties, consumer acceptability and sensory profiling of nutrition bars

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(Government Home Science College, Sector 10, Chandigarh)

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Effect of incorporating plant-based quercetin on physicochemical properties, consumer acceptability and sensory profiling of nutrition bars

Uma Bansal, Aastha Bhardwaj, Som Nath Singh, Sucheta Khubber, Nitya Sharma, Vasudha Bansal

Abstract

Abstract

Background: Plant-based quercetin is usually produced using fruit and vegetable wastes and is sold in the market in powdered form. Since it is already used as a supplement in various foods, therefore, a study was conducted to develop calorie rich nutrition bars using plant-based quercetin, that may serve as a promising functional snack with high antioxidant property for general consumption by teenagers, adults, athletes and sports persons. To surmise, this study deals with the development of a novel nutrition bar by utilizing a plant byproduct.

Methods: Plant based pure quercetin extract powder (98% Premium grade) was procured from HerbaDiet, Arkure Health Care, Rohtak, Haryana (India). Other materials used were: quinoa (*Chenopodium quinoa*) (Pro nature Organic Foods Pvt. Ltd.); instant white oats (Kellogg's India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi); canola oil (Jivo Wellness Pvt. Ltd.); jaggery (Village product industries); nuts- comprising almond, cashew, walnut, roasted & salted pistachios (Happilo International Pvt. Ltd.).

Objective: The study was carried out in order to formulate calorie and nutrient rich bars for all the age-groups with a prime focus on antioxidant-quercetin.

Results: Quercetin-based nutrition bar was developed with different levels of quercetin (0, 20, 40, 60, 80 mg $100g^{-1}$), in addition to other ingredients including oats, quinoa, nuts, canola oil and jaggery. Addition of quercetin showed a significant ($p \le 0.05$) change on its water activity, color and textural attributes. With the increase in the quercetin content, a significant decrease in the water activity and increase in the lightness (L') and hardness values of nutrition bar samples was observed. The quercetin enriched nutrition bars also showed an increase in total phenolic content as well as antioxidant capacity, as assessed by DPPH radical scavenging activity. Evaluation of overall acceptability and sensory profiling was done for all samples and the one with 60 mg $100g^{-1}$ quercetinqualified as the best in sensorial attributes.

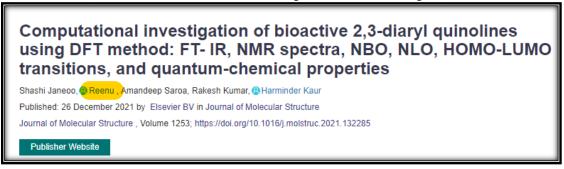
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(Government Home Science College, Sector 10, Chandigarh)



Abstract

Quinoline derivatives are widely utilized in a variety of applications, including medicine and materials. In this work our previously developed bioactive fluorine-containing 2,3-diarylquinolines (1a, 1b and 1c) were investigated theoretically and compared with the experimental data. DFT was used to investigate the optimized geometry and geometric parameters using the B3LYP/6–311++G (d,p) basis set. DFT studies demonstrated a high degree of concordance of the predicted ¹H, ¹³C NMR, and FT-IR spectroscopic data with the experimental results. The DFT technique was used to explore HOMO-LUMO energies, global reactive parameters, NLO, NPA, and NBO characteristics using the aforementioned level of theory and basis set. HOMO-LUMO analysis revealed that compound 1c has a slightly narrower energy gap (4.3355eV) than compounds 1a (4.4626eV) and 1b (4.4645eV) suggesting all three compounds have significantly comparable NLO properties. The reported compounds have polarizability in the range 40.17 - 42.53×10⁻²⁴ esu. Strong delocalization interactions between Lewis bonding and antibonding orbitals have been confirmed by NBO analysis.

Graphical abstract

